UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549



# FORM 10-Q

*(Mark One)*

☐ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended **June 30, 2026**

or

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: **001-32395**

# ConocoPhillips

*(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)*

| **Delaware** | **01-0562944** |
|---|---|
| *(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)* | *(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)* |

**925 N. Eldridge Parkway, Houston, TX 77079**
*(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)*

**281-293-1000**
*(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)*

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

| Title of each class | Trading symbols | Name of each exchange on which registered |
|---|---|---|
| Common Stock, $.01 Par Value | COP | New York Stock Exchange |
| 7% Debentures due 2029 | CUSIP—718507BK1 | New York Stock Exchange |

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☐ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☐ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer,” “smaller reporting company” and “emerging growth company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☐ Accelerated filer ☐ Non-accelerated filer ☐ Smaller reporting company ☐ Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☐

The registrant had 1,201,337,479 shares of common stock, $.01 par value, outstanding at June 30, 2026.

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# Commonly Used Abbreviations

The following industry-specific, accounting and other terms, and abbreviations may be commonly used in this report.

**Currencies**

| | |
|---|---|
| $ or USD | U.S. dollar |
| CAD | Canadian dollar |
| EUR | Euro |
| GBP | British pound |
| NOK | Norwegian kroner |

**Units of Measurement**

| | |
|---|---|
| BBL | barrel |
| BCF | billion cubic feet |
| BOE | barrel of oil equivalent |
| MBD | thousand barrels per day |
| MCF | thousand cubic feet |
| MM | million |
| MMBOE | million barrels of oil equivalent |
| MBOED | thousand barrels of oil equivalent per day |
| MMBOED | million barrels of oil equivalent per day |
| MMBTU | million British thermal units |
| MMCFD | million cubic feet per day |
| MTPA | million tonnes per annum |

**Industry**

| | |
|---|---|
| BLM | Bureau of Land Management |
| CBM | coalbed methane |
| E&P | exploration and production |
| FEED | front-end engineering and design |
| FID | final investment decision |
| FPS | floating production system |
| FPSO | floating production, storage and offloading |
| G&G | geological and geophysical |
| JOA | joint operating agreement |
| LNG | liquefied natural gas |
| NGLs | natural gas liquids |
| OPEC | Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries |
| PSC | production sharing contract |
| PUDs | proved undeveloped reserves |
| SAGD | steam-assisted gravity drainage |
| WCS | Western Canadian Select |
| WTI | West Texas Intermediate |

**Accounting**

| | |
|---|---|
| ARO | asset retirement obligation |
| ASC | accounting standards codification |
| ASU | accounting standards update |
| DD&A | depreciation, depletion and amortization |
| EPS | earnings per share |
| FASB | Financial Accounting Standards Board |
| FIFO | first-in, first-out |
| G&A | general and administrative |
| GAAP | generally accepted accounting principles |
| LIFO | last-in, first-out |
| NPNS | normal purchase normal sale |
| PP&E | properties, plants and equipment |
| VIE | variable interest entity |

**Miscellaneous**

| | |
|---|---|
| EPA | Environmental Protection Agency |
| ESG | environmental, social and governance |
| EU | European Union |
| FERC | Federal Energy Regulatory Commission |
| GHG | greenhouse gas |
| HSE | health, safety and environment |
| ICC | International Chamber of Commerce |
| ICSID | World Bank's International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes |
| IRS | Internal Revenue Service |
| OTC | over-the-counter |
| NYSE | New York Stock Exchange |
| SEC | U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission |
| TSR | total shareholder return |
| U.K. | United Kingdom |
| U.S. | United States of America |

# PART I. Financial Information

## Item 1. Financial Statements

**Consolidated Income Statement** **ConocoPhillips**

| | Millions of Dollars | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Three Months Ended June 30 | | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
| | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| **Revenues and other income** | | | | |
| Sales and other operating revenues | **$ 19,161** | 14,004 | **34,922** | 30,521 |
| Equity in earnings of affiliates | **239** | 315 | **486** | 707 |
| Gain (loss) on dispositions | **14** | 317 | **19** | 396 |
| Other income | **108** | 104 | **149** | 217 |
| Total revenues and other income | **19,522** | 14,740 | **35,576** | 31,841 |
| **Costs and expenses** | | | | |
| Purchased commodities | **6,712** | 5,085 | **12,995** | 11,273 |
| Production and operating expenses | **2,431** | 2,572 | **4,707** | 5,078 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | **188** | 250 | **381** | 441 |
| Exploration expenses | **75** | 81 | **184** | 198 |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization | **2,983** | 2,838 | **5,889** | 5,584 |
| Impairments | **2** | 1 | **21** | 2 |
| Taxes other than income taxes | **793** | 572 | **1,400** | 1,123 |
| Accretion on discounted liabilities | **99** | 95 | **196** | 189 |
| Interest and debt expense | **182** | 232 | **380** | 437 |
| Foreign currency transaction (gain) loss | **(25)** | (3) | **(25)** | 27 |
| Other expenses | **—** | — | **3** | 6 |
| Total costs and expenses | **13,440** | 11,723 | **26,131** | 24,358 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes | **6,082** | 3,017 | **9,445** | 7,483 |
| Income tax provision (benefit) | **2,151** | 1,046 | **3,331** | 2,663 |
| **Net income (loss)** | **$ 3,931** | 1,971 | **6,114** | 4,820 |
| | | | | |
| **Net income (loss) per share of common stock** *(dollars)* | | | | |
| Basic | **$ 3.23** | 1.56 | **5.00** | 3.80 |
| Diluted | **3.23** | 1.56 | **5.00** | 3.79 |
| **Weighted-average common shares outstanding** *(in thousands)* | | | | |
| Basic | **1,213,453** | 1,257,512 | **1,218,715** | 1,265,387 |
| Diluted | **1,214,255** | 1,258,998 | **1,219,492** | 1,266,815 |

*See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.*

**Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income** **ConocoPhillips**

| | Millions of Dollars | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Three Months Ended June 30 | | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
| | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| **Net income (loss)** | **$ 3,931** | 1,971 | **6,114** | 4,820 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax: | | | | |
| Defined benefit plans | **32** | 6 | **16** | 13 |
| Unrealized holding gain (loss) on securities | **(4)** | 2 | **(10)** | 4 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | **(176)** | 484 | **(271)** | 554 |
| **Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax** | **(148)** | 492 | **(265)** | 571 |
| **Comprehensive income (loss)** | **$ 3,783** | 2,463 | **5,849** | 5,391 |

*See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.*

**Consolidated Balance Sheet** **ConocoPhillips**

| | Millions of Dollars | |
|---|---|---|
| | **June 30 2026** | December 31 2025 |
| **Assets** | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | **$ 6,574** | 6,497 |
| Short-term investments | **1,118** | 484 |
| Accounts and notes receivable, net | **6,957** | 5,813 |
| Inventories | **1,879** | 1,873 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | **2,667** | 865 |
| Total current assets | **19,195** | 15,532 |
| Investments and long-term receivables | **10,345** | 10,185 |
| Net properties, plants and equipment (net of accumulated DD&A of $95,966 and $90,396, respectively) | **91,248** | 93,239 |
| Other assets | **3,473** | 2,983 |
| **Total assets** | **$ 124,261** | 121,939 |
| **Liabilities** | | |
| Accounts payable | **$ 6,764** | 6,218 |
| Short-term debt | **462** | 1,020 |
| Accrued income and other taxes | **2,540** | 1,835 |
| Employee benefit obligations | **593** | 1,136 |
| Other accruals | **2,093** | 1,763 |
| Total current liabilities | **12,452** | 11,972 |
| Long-term debt | **22,828** | 22,424 |
| Asset retirement obligations and accrued environmental costs | **8,404** | 8,214 |
| Deferred income taxes | **12,387** | 12,237 |
| Employee benefit obligations | **933** | 969 |
| Other liabilities and deferred credits | **1,908** | 1,636 |
| **Total liabilities** | **58,912** | 57,452 |
| **Equity** | | |
| Common stock (2,500,000,000 shares authorized at $0.01 par value) | | |
| Issued (2026—2,255,963,919 shares; 2025—2,253,518,282 shares) | | |
| Par value | **23** | 23 |
| Capital in excess of par | **77,832** | 77,728 |
| Treasury stock (at cost: 2026—1,054,626,440 shares; 2025—1,028,350,186 shares) | **(79,251)** | (76,217) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | **(6,176)** | (5,911) |
| Retained earnings | **72,921** | 68,864 |
| **Total equity** | **65,349** | 64,487 |
| **Total liabilities and equity** | **$ 124,261** | 121,939 |

*See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.*

**Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows** **ConocoPhillips**

| | Millions of Dollars | |
|---|---|---|
| | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
| | **2026** | 2025 |
| **Cash flows from operating activities** | | |
| Net income (loss) | **$ 6,114** | 4,820 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities | | |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization | **5,889** | 5,584 |
| Impairments | **21** | 2 |
| Dry hole costs and leasehold impairments | **56** | 85 |
| Accretion on discounted liabilities | **196** | 189 |
| Deferred taxes | **149** | 78 |
| Distributions more (less) than income from equity affiliates | **110** | (112) |
| (Gain) loss on dispositions | **(19)** | (396) |
| Other | **47** | (62) |
| Working capital adjustments | | |
| Decrease (increase) in accounts and notes receivable | **(1,085)** | 973 |
| Decrease (increase) in inventories | **(19)** | (84) |
| Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses and other current assets | **(288)** | (229) |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable | **331** | (27) |
| Increase (decrease) in taxes and other accruals | **227** | (1,221) |
| **Net cash provided by operating activities** | **11,729** | 9,600 |
| **Cash flows from investing activities** | | |
| Capital expenditures and investments | **(5,972)** | (6,664) |
| Working capital changes associated with investing activities | **154** | 551 |
| Proceeds from asset dispositions | **190** | 1,341 |
| Net sales (purchases) of investments | **(652)** | (8) |
| Other | **(39)** | (27) |
| **Net cash used in investing activities** | **(6,319)** | (4,807) |
| **Cash flows from financing activities** | | |
| Repayment of debt | **(175)** | (806) |
| Issuance of company common stock | **(39)** | (55) |
| Repurchase of company common stock | **(3,006)** | (2,722) |
| Dividends paid | **(2,057)** | (1,982) |
| Other | **(79)** | (55) |
| **Net cash used in financing activities** | **(5,356)** | (5,620) |
| **Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash** | **(5)** | 148 |
| **Net change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash** | **49** | (679) |
| Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period | **6,916** | 5,905 |
| **Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period** | **$ 6,965** | 5,226 |

*Restricted cash of $65 million is included in the "Prepaid expenses and other current assets" line of our Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2025.*
*Restricted cash of $391 million and $354 million is included in the "Other assets" line of our Consolidated Balance Sheet at June 30, 2026, and December 31, 2025, respectively.*

*See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.*

# Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

## Note 1—Basis of Presentation

The interim-period financial information presented in the financial statements included in this report is unaudited and, in the opinion of management, includes all known accruals and adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated financial position of ConocoPhillips, its results of operations and cash flows for such periods. All such adjustments are of a normal and recurring nature, unless otherwise disclosed. Certain notes and other information have been condensed or omitted from the interim financial statements included in this report; therefore, these financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes included in our 2025 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Certain prior year financial statement line items have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

## Note 2—Inventories

| | Millions of Dollars | |
|---|---|---|
| | **June 30 2026** | December 31 2025 |
| Crude oil and products | **$ 1,021** | 1,000 |
| Materials and supplies | **858** | 873 |
| Total inventories | **$ 1,879** | 1,873 |
| Inventories valued on the LIFO basis | **$ 594** | 609 |

## Note 3—Acquisitions and Dispositions

**Assets Held for Sale**

In the second quarter of 2026, we entered into agreements to sell our interests in certain noncore assets in the Lower 48 segment for approximately $1.7 billion, subject to customary closing adjustments. The transactions met held for sale criteria in the second quarter of 2026. The associated disposal group that met these criteria had a net carrying value of approximately $1.5 billion, comprised primarily of PP&E and as of June 30, 2026, is included in "Prepaid expenses and other current assets" on our consolidated balance sheet. These transactions closed in the third quarter of 2026.

**Planned Acquisitions**

In July 2026, we entered into an agreement with a wholly owned subsidiary of BP p.l.c. (bp) to acquire a 42 percent direct equity holding in a non-operated joint venture, supporting the ongoing redevelopment of four large-scale, currently producing oil fields in the Kirkuk area of northern Iraq. This transaction is expected to close by the end of 2026, subject to regulatory approvals and other customary closing conditions, with an effective date of July 1, 2026. The purchase price is $0.4 billion, before closing adjustments, and includes deferred payments of $0.2 billion payable no later than three years from the date of close. The closing adjustments will include reimbursement of our proportionate share of bp's project costs incurred from the effective date of the agreement through close.

## Note 4—Suspended Wells and Exploration Expenses

The capitalized cost of suspended wells at June 30, 2026 was $347 million, an increase of $104 million from December 31, 2025. The increase was primarily due to multiple wells drilled in Alaska.

## Note 5—Debt

Our debt balance at June 30, 2026, was $23.3 billion, compared with $23.4 billion at December 31, 2025.

In the first quarter of 2026, the company retired $67 million principal amount of our 6.875% Notes at maturity.

At June 30, 2026, we had $283 million of certain variable rate demand bonds (VRDBs) outstanding, with maturities ranging through 2035. The VRDBs are redeemable at the option of the bondholders on any business day. If they are ever redeemed, we have the ability and intent to refinance them on a long-term basis; therefore, the VRDBs are included in the "Long-term debt" line on our consolidated balance sheet.

**Municipal Bonds Remarketing**

On July 1, 2026, we completed a $600 million remarketing of sub-series 2017D bonds that are part of the $1 billion St. John the Baptist Parish, State of Louisiana —Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2017. The bonds are subject to an interest rate of 3.0% and a mandatory tender date of July 2, 2029.

Subsequent to the mandatory tender date, we will also have the right to remarket these bonds at any time up to the 2037 maturity date. At June 30, 2026, these bonds were included in the "Long-term debt" line on our consolidated balance sheet.

## Note 6—Investments and Long-Term Receivables

**Australia Pacific LNG Pty Ltd. (APLNG)**

In Australia, we hold a 47.5 percent shareholding interest in APLNG. At June 30, 2026, the outstanding balance of APLNG's debt was $3.1 billion. The last principal and interest payment on the debt is due in September 2032. *See Note 7.*

At June 30, 2026, the carrying value of our equity method investment in APLNG was approximately $4.8 billion.

**Port Arthur LNG (PALNG)**

We hold a 30 percent direct equity investment in PALNG, a joint venture for the development of a large-scale LNG facility.

At June 30, 2026, the carrying value of our equity method investment in PALNG was approximately $1.7 billion.

**Qatar LNG**

Our equity method investments in Qatar include the following:

- QatarEnergy LNG N(3) (N3)—30 percent owned joint venture with affiliates of QatarEnergy (68.5 percent) and Mitsui & Co., Ltd. (1.5 percent)—produces and liquefies natural gas from Qatar's North Field, as well as exports LNG.
- QatarEnergy LNG NFE(4) (NFE4)—25 percent owned joint venture with affiliates of QatarEnergy (70 percent) and China National Petroleum Corporation (5 percent)—participant in the North Field East LNG project.
- QatarEnergy LNG NFS(3) (NFS3)—25 percent owned joint venture with an affiliate of QatarEnergy (75 percent)—participant in the North Field South LNG project.

At June 30, 2026, the carrying value of our equity method investments in Qatar was approximately $1.9 billion. *See Note 7.*

## Note 7—Guarantees

At June 30, 2026, we were liable for certain contingent obligations under various contractual arrangements as described below. We recognize a liability, at inception, for the fair value of our obligation as a guarantor for newly issued or modified guarantees. Unless the carrying amount of the liability is noted below, we have not recognized a liability because the fair value of the obligation is immaterial. In addition, unless otherwise stated, we are not currently performing with any significance under the guarantee and expect future performance to be either immaterial or have only a remote chance of occurrence.

**APLNG Guarantees**

We have multiple outstanding guarantees in connection with our 47.5 percent ownership interest in APLNG. These guarantees have remaining terms of seven to 19 years, and the maximum potential future payments related to these guarantees are approximately $1,650 million. At June 30, 2026, the carrying value of these guarantees was approximately $49 million.

**QatarEnergy LNG Guarantees**
We have guaranteed our portion of certain fiscal and other joint venture obligations as a shareholder in NFE4 and NFS3. These guarantees have an approximate 30-year term with no maximum limit. At June 30, 2026, the carrying value of these guarantees was approximately $14 million.

**Equatorial Guinea Guarantees**
We have guaranteed payment obligations as a shareholder in both Equatorial Guinea LNG Operations, S.A., a fully owned subsidiary of Equatorial Guinea LNG Holdings Limited, and Alba Plant LLC with regard to certain agreements to process third-party gas. These guarantees have approximately two years remaining, and the maximum potential future payments related to these guarantees are approximately $116 million. At June 30, 2026, the carrying value of these guarantees was approximately $4 million.

**Other Guarantees**
We have other guarantees with maximum future potential payment amounts totaling approximately $560 million, which consist primarily of guarantees of the residual value of leased office buildings and guarantees of the residual value of corporate aircraft. These guarantees have remaining terms of one to five years and would become payable if certain asset values are lower than guaranteed amounts at the end of the lease or contract term, business conditions decline at guaranteed entities or as a result of nonperformance of contractual terms by guaranteed parties. At June 30, 2026, there was no liability recognized for these guarantees.

**Indemnifications**
Over the years, we have entered into agreements to sell ownership interests in certain legal entities, joint ventures and assets that gave rise to qualifying indemnifications. These agreements include indemnifications for taxes and environmental liabilities. The carrying amount recorded for these indemnification obligations at June 30, 2026, was approximately $30 million. Those related to environmental issues have terms that are generally indefinite, and the maximum amounts of future payments are generally unlimited. Although it is reasonably possible future payments may exceed amounts recorded, due to the nature of the indemnifications, it is not possible to make a reasonable estimate of the maximum potential amount of future payments. *See Note 8* for additional information about environmental liabilities.

## Note 8—Contingencies, Commitments and Accrued Environmental Costs

A number of lawsuits involving a variety of claims arising in the ordinary course of business have been filed against ConocoPhillips. We also may be required to remove or mitigate the effects on the environment of the placement, storage, disposal or release of certain chemical, mineral and petroleum substances at various active and inactive sites. We regularly assess the need for accounting recognition or disclosure of these contingencies. In the case of all known contingencies (other than those related to income taxes), we accrue a liability when the loss is probable and the amount is reasonably estimable. If a range of amounts can be reasonably estimated and no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other amount, then the low end of the range is accrued. We do not reduce these liabilities for potential insurance or third-party recoveries. We accrue receivables for insurance or other third-party recoveries when applicable. With respect to income tax-related contingencies, we use a cumulative probability-weighted loss accrual in cases where sustaining a tax position is less than certain.

Based on currently available information, we believe it is remote that future costs related to known contingent liability exposures will exceed current accruals by an amount that would have a material adverse impact on our consolidated financial statements. As we learn new facts concerning contingencies, we reassess our position both with respect to accrued liabilities and other potential exposures. Estimates particularly sensitive to future changes include contingent liabilities recorded for environmental remediation, tax and legal matters. Estimated future environmental remediation costs are subject to change due to such factors as the uncertain magnitude of cleanup costs, the unknown time and extent of such remedial actions that may be required and the determination of our liability in proportion to that of other responsible parties. Estimated future costs related to tax and legal matters are subject to change as events evolve and as additional information becomes available during the administrative and litigation processes.

**Environmental**
We are subject to international, federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations and record accruals for environmental liabilities based on management's best estimates. These estimates are based on currently available facts, existing technology and presently enacted laws and regulations, taking into account stakeholder and business considerations. When measuring environmental liabilities, we also consider our prior experience in remediation of contaminated sites, other companies' cleanup experience and data released by the U.S. EPA or other organizations. We

consider unasserted claims in our determination of environmental liabilities, and we accrue them in the period they are both probable and reasonably estimable.

Although liability of those potentially responsible for environmental remediation costs is generally joint and several for federal sites and frequently so for other sites, we are usually only one of many companies cited at a particular site. Due to the joint and several liabilities, we could be responsible for all cleanup costs related to any site at which we have been designated as a potentially responsible party. We have been successful to date in sharing cleanup costs with other financially sound companies. Many of the sites at which we are potentially responsible are still under investigation by the U.S. EPA or the agency concerned. Prior to actual cleanup, those potentially responsible normally assess the site conditions, apportion responsibility and determine the appropriate remediation. In some instances, we may have no liability or may attain a settlement of liability. Where it appears that other potentially responsible parties may be financially unable to bear their proportional share, we consider this inability in estimating our potential liability, and we adjust our accruals accordingly. As a result of various acquisitions in the past, we assumed certain environmental obligations. Some of these environmental obligations are mitigated by indemnifications made by others for our benefit, and some of the indemnifications are subject to dollar limits and time limits.

We are currently participating in environmental assessments and cleanups at numerous federal Superfund and other comparable state and international sites. After an assessment of environmental exposures for cleanup and other costs, we make accruals on an undiscounted basis (except those acquired in a business combination, which we record on a discounted basis) for planned investigation and remediation activities for sites where it is probable future costs will be incurred and these costs can be reasonably estimated. We have not reduced these accruals for possible insurance recoveries.

For remediation activities in the U.S. and Canada, our consolidated balance sheet included total accrued environmental costs of $306 million at June 30, 2026, compared with $220 million at December 31, 2025. We expect to incur a substantial amount of these expenditures within the next 30 years. In the future, we may be involved in additional environmental assessments, cleanups and proceedings.

**Litigation and Other Contingencies**

We are subject to various lawsuits and claims including, but not limited to, matters involving oil and gas royalty and severance tax payments, gas measurement and valuation methods, contract disputes, environmental damages, climate change, personal injury and property damage. Our primary exposures for such matters relate to alleged royalty and tax underpayments on certain federal, state and privately owned properties, claims of alleged environmental contamination and damages from historic operations and climate change. We will continue to defend ourselves vigorously in these matters.

Our legal organization applies its knowledge, experience and professional judgment to the specific characteristics of our cases, employing a litigation management process to manage and monitor the legal proceedings against us. Our process facilitates the early evaluation and quantification of potential exposures in individual cases. This process also enables us to track those cases that have been scheduled for trial and/or mediation. Based on professional judgment and experience in using these litigation management tools and available information about current developments in all our cases, our legal organization regularly assesses the adequacy of current accruals and determines if adjustment of existing accruals, or establishment of new accruals, is required.

We have contingent liabilities resulting from throughput agreements with pipeline and processing companies not associated with financing arrangements. Under these agreements, we may be required to provide any such company with additional funds through advances and penalties for fees related to throughput capacity not utilized. In addition, at June 30, 2026, we had performance obligations secured by letters of credit of $295 million (issued as direct bank letters of credit) related to various purchase commitments for materials, supplies, commercial activities and services incident to the ordinary conduct of business.

In 2007, the government of Venezuela expropriated ConocoPhillips' interests in the Petrozuata and Hamaca heavy oil ventures, as well as the offshore Corocoro development project. In response, ConocoPhillips initiated international arbitration proceedings before the ICSID. In March 2019, an ICSID tribunal unanimously ordered the government of Venezuela to pay ConocoPhillips approximately $8.7 billion (later reduced to $8.5 billion) plus interest for the unlawful expropriation of the projects. On January 22, 2025, an ICSID annulment committee dismissed Venezuela's application to annul the tribunal's decision and upheld the $8.5 billion award plus interest in full. Separate arbitrations before the ICC resulted in additional awards against Petróleos de Venezuela, S.A. and three of its affiliates, including an award for

approximately $2 billion, plus interest, for the Petrozuata and Hamaca projects and a $33 million award for the Corocoro project, plus interest. Cumulatively, as of June 30, 2026, the company has received approximately $795 million in connection with the first ICC award. Collection actions for all three awards are ongoing. ConocoPhillips has ensured that all actions related to these arbitration awards meet all appropriate U.S. regulatory requirements, including those related to any applicable sanctions imposed by the U.S. against Venezuela.

Beginning in 2017, governmental entities and individuals in several states/territories in the U.S. have filed lawsuits against oil and gas companies, including ConocoPhillips, seeking compensatory damages and equitable relief to abate alleged climate change related impacts. Additional lawsuits with similar allegations are expected to be filed. The legal and factual issues are unprecedented; therefore, there is significant uncertainty about the scope of the claims and alleged damages and any potential impact on the company's financial condition. ConocoPhillips believes these lawsuits are factually and legally meritless and are an inappropriate vehicle to address the challenges associated with climate change and will vigorously defend against such lawsuits.

In October 2020, the Bureau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement (BSEE) ordered the prior owners of Outer Continental Shelf (OCS) Lease P-0166, including ConocoPhillips, to decommission the lease facilities, including two offshore platforms located near Carpinteria, California. This order was sent after the current owner of OCS Lease P-0166 relinquished the lease and abandoned the lease platforms and facilities. BSEE's order to ConocoPhillips is premised on its connection to Phillips Petroleum Company, a legacy company of ConocoPhillips, which held a historical 25 percent interest in this lease and operated these facilities but sold its interest approximately 30 years ago. On June 9, 2026, the Interior Board of Land Appeals issued an order upholding BSEE's order. ConocoPhillips intends to appeal the decision while it continues to evaluate its exposure in this matter.

In July 2021, a federal securities class action was filed against Concho Resources Inc. (Concho), certain of Concho's officers, and ConocoPhillips as Concho's successor in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas. On October 21, 2021, the court issued an order appointing Utah Retirement Systems and the Construction Laborers Pension Trust for Southern California as lead plaintiffs (Lead Plaintiffs). On January 7, 2022, the Lead Plaintiffs filed their consolidated complaint alleging that Concho made materially false and misleading statements regarding its business and operations in violation of the federal securities laws and seeking unspecified damages, attorneys' fees, costs, equitable/injunctive relief and such other relief that may be deemed appropriate. The defendants filed a motion to dismiss the consolidated complaint on March 8, 2022. On June 23, 2023, the court denied defendants' motion as to most defendants including Concho/ConocoPhillips. On April 7, 2025, the court certified a class. We believe the allegations in the action are without merit and are vigorously defending this litigation.

## Note 9—Derivative and Financial Instruments

We use futures, forwards, swaps and options in various markets to meet our customer needs, capture market opportunities and manage foreign exchange currency risk.

**Commodity Derivative Instruments**

Our commodity business primarily consists of natural gas, crude oil, bitumen, NGLs, LNG and power.

Commodity derivative instruments are held at fair value on our consolidated balance sheet. Where these balances have the right of setoff, they are presented on a net basis. Related cash flows are recorded as operating activities on our consolidated statement of cash flows. On our consolidated income statement, gains and losses are recognized either on a gross basis if directly related to our physical business or on a net basis if held for trading. Gains and losses related to contracts that meet and are designated with the NPNS exception are recognized upon settlement. We generally apply this exception to eligible crude contracts and certain gas contracts. We do not apply hedge accounting for our commodity derivatives.

The following table presents the gross fair values of our commodity derivatives, excluding collateral, on our consolidated balance sheet:

| | Millions of Dollars | |
|---|---|---|
| | **June 30 2026** | December 31 2025 |
| **Assets** | | |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | **$ 1,095** | 491 |
| Other assets | **207** | 113 |
| **Liabilities** | | |
| Other accruals | **1,045** | 438 |
| Other liabilities and deferred credits | **188** | 100 |

The gains (losses) from commodity derivatives included in our consolidated income statement are presented in the following table:

| | Millions of Dollars | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Three Months Ended June 30 | | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
| | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| Sales and other operating revenues | **$ 99** | 25 | **258** | 84 |
| Other income | **(4)** | 1 | **(9)** | (3) |
| Purchased commodities | **(88)** | (7) | **(157)** | (46) |

The table below summarizes our net exposures resulting from outstanding commodity derivative contracts:

| | Open Position Long (Short) | |
|---|---|---|
| | **June 30 2026** | December 31 2025 |
| **Commodity** | | |
| Natural gas and power (BCF equivalent) | | |
| Fixed price | **(43)** | (15) |
| Basis | **(23)** | (17) |

**Interest Rate Derivative Instruments**
Our equity method investee, PALNG, has certain interest rate swaps that are measured at fair value. The gains (losses) from these swaps included in our consolidated income statement are presented in the following table:

| | Millions of Dollars | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Three Months Ended June 30 | | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
| | **2026** | **2025** | 2026 | 2025 |
| Equity in earnings of affiliates | **$ 37** | 18 | **28** | 33 |

**Financial Instruments**
We invest in financial instruments with maturities based on our cash forecasts for the various accounts and currency pools we manage. The types of financial instruments in which we currently invest include:

- Time deposits: Interest bearing deposits placed with financial institutions for a predetermined amount of time.
- Demand deposits: Interest bearing deposits placed with financial institutions. Deposited funds can be withdrawn without notice.
- Commercial paper: Unsecured promissory notes issued by a corporation, commercial bank or government agency purchased at a discount to mature at par.
- U.S. government or government agency obligations: Securities issued by the U.S. government or U.S. government agencies.
- Foreign government obligations: Securities issued by foreign governments.
- Corporate bonds: Unsecured debt securities issued by corporations.
- Asset-backed securities: Collateralized debt securities.

The following investments are carried on our consolidated balance sheet at cost plus accrued interest, and the table reflects remaining maturities at June 30, 2026, and December 31, 2025:

| | Millions of Dollars | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Carrying Amount | | | |
| | Cash and cash equivalents | | Short-term investments | |
| | **June 30 2026** | December 31 2025 | **June 30 2026** | December 31 2025 |
| **Cash** | **$ 504** | 543 | | |
| **Demand deposits** | **3,946** | 3,781 | | |
| **Time deposits** | | | | |
| 1 to 90 days | **1,894** | 975 | **655** | 6 |
| 91 to 180 days | | | **4** | 17 |
| Within one year | | | **4** | 8 |
| **U.S. government obligations** | | | | |
| 1 to 90 days | **230** | 1,198 | **—** | — |
| | **$ 6,574** | 6,497 | **663** | 31 |

The following investments in debt securities classified as available for sale are carried at fair value on our consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2026, and December 31, 2025:

| | Millions of Dollars | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Carrying Amount | | | |
| | Short-term investments | | Investments and long-term receivables | |
| | **June 30 2026** | December 31 2025 | **June 30 2026** | December 31 2025 |
| **Major Security Type** | | | | |
| Corporate bonds | **$ 354** | 308 | **688** | 651 |
| Commercial paper | **54** | 72 | | |
| U.S. government obligations | **32** | 46 | **226** | 224 |
| U.S. government agency obligations | **—** | — | **1** | 1 |
| Foreign government obligations | **5** | 9 | **9** | 9 |
| Asset-backed securities | **10** | 18 | **234** | 263 |
| | **$ 455** | 453 | **1,158** | 1,148 |

Cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments have remaining maturities within one year. Investments and long-term receivables have remaining maturities that vary from greater than one year through 12 years.

The following table summarizes the amortized cost basis and fair value of investments in debt securities classified as available for sale:

| | Millions of Dollars | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Amortized Cost Basis | | Fair Value | |
| | **June 30 2026** | December 31 2025 | **June 30 2026** | December 31 2025 |
| **Major Security Type** | | | | |
| Corporate bonds | **$ 1,044** | 953 | **1,042** | 959 |
| Commercial paper | **54** | 72 | **54** | 72 |
| U.S. government obligations | **260** | 268 | **258** | 270 |
| U.S. government agency obligations | **1** | 1 | **1** | 1 |
| Foreign government obligations | **14** | 18 | **14** | 18 |
| Asset-backed securities | **244** | 280 | **244** | 281 |
| | **$ 1,617** | 1,592 | **1,613** | 1,601 |

No allowance for credit losses has been recorded on investments in debt securities which are in an unrealized loss position.

For the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026, proceeds from sales and redemptions of investments in debt securities classified as available for sale were $269 million and $478 million, respectively. For the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2025, proceeds from sales and redemptions of investments in debt securities classified as available for sale were $300 million and $511 million, respectively. Gross realized gains and losses included in earnings from those sales and redemptions were negligible. The cost of securities sold and redeemed is determined using the specific identification method.

**Credit Risk**

Financial instruments subject to concentrations of credit risk primarily include cash equivalents, short- and long-term investments in high-quality debt securities, OTC derivative contracts and trade receivables. Cash and investments are diversified across high-quality commercial paper, government money market funds, U.S. government and agency obligations, high-quality corporate bonds and asset-backed securities, foreign government obligations and deposits with major financial institutions. Credit risk from OTC derivatives is managed through counterparty credit limits, margining and collateral requirements, while exchange-cleared derivatives carry minimal risk but expose us to broker receivables related to margin postings. Trade receivables are broadly diversified geographically, generally have short payment terms and are actively monitored with collateral and netting arrangements used where appropriate.

Certain of our derivative contracts require us to post collateral if exposure exceeds fixed or credit-rating-dependent thresholds, which generally decrease with lower ratings and fall to zero below investment grade, with cash as the primary form of collateral and letters of credit permitted in some cases. The aggregate fair value of all derivative instruments with such credit risk-related contingent features that were in a liability position at June 30, 2026, and December 31, 2025 was $78 million and $73 million, respectively. For these instruments, no collateral was posted at June 30, 2026, or December 31, 2025. If our credit rating had been downgraded below investment grade at June 30, 2026, we would have been required to post $39 million of additional collateral, either in cash or through letters of credit.

## Note 10—Fair Value Measurement

We carry a portion of our assets and liabilities at fair value that are measured at the reporting date using an exit price (i.e., the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability) and disclosed according to the quality of valuation inputs under the fair value hierarchy.

The classification of an asset or liability is based on the lowest level of input significant to its fair value. Those that are initially classified as Level 3 are subsequently reported as Level 2 when the fair value derived from unobservable inputs is inconsequential to the overall fair value, or if corroborated market data becomes available. Assets and liabilities initially reported as Level 2 are subsequently reported as Level 3 if corroborated market data is no longer available. There were no material transfers into or out of Level 3 during the six-month period ended June 30, 2026, or during the year ended December 31, 2025.

**Recurring Fair Value Measurement**

Financial assets and liabilities reported at fair value on a recurring basis include our investments in debt securities classified as available for sale, commodity derivatives and our contingent consideration arrangement related to the Surmont acquisition.

- Level 1 derivative assets and liabilities primarily represent exchange-traded futures and options that are valued using unadjusted prices available from the underlying exchange. Level 1 financial assets also include our investments in U.S. government obligations classified as available for sale debt securities, which are valued using exchange prices.
- Level 2 derivative assets and liabilities primarily represent OTC swaps, options and forward purchase and sale contracts that are valued using adjusted exchange prices, prices provided by brokers or pricing service companies that are all corroborated by market data. Level 2 financial assets also include our investments in debt securities classified as available for sale including investments in corporate bonds, commercial paper, asset-backed securities, U.S. government agency obligations and foreign government obligations that are valued using pricing provided by brokers or pricing service companies that are corroborated with market data.
- Level 3 derivative assets and liabilities consist of OTC swaps, options and forward purchase and sale contracts where a significant portion of fair value is calculated from underlying market data that is not readily available. The derived value uses industry standard methodologies that may consider the historical relationships among various commodities, modeled market prices, time value, volatility factors and other relevant economic measures. The use of these inputs results in management's best estimate of fair value. Level 3 commodity derivative activity was not material for all periods presented.
- Level 3 liabilities include the fair value of future quarterly contingent payments associated with the Surmont acquisition. In October 2023, we completed our acquisition of the remaining 50 percent working interest in Surmont, an asset in our Canada segment, from TotalEnergies EP Canada Ltd. The consideration for the acquisition included a contingent consideration arrangement requiring payment of up to $0.4 billion CAD over a five-year term. The contingent payments represented $2 million for every dollar that WCS pricing exceeded $52 per barrel during the month, subject to certain production targets being achieved. The amount we could pay under this arrangement was up to $0.3 billion USD at closing. The fair value of the liability under the agreement was nil at December 31, 2025. During the six-month period ended June 30, 2026, we made a final payment of $81 million USD under the contingent consideration arrangement, bringing cumulative payments since the acquisition date to $0.3 billion USD. Payments are included in the "Other" line within the financing activities section of our consolidated statement of cash flows.

The following table summarizes the fair value hierarchy for gross financial assets and liabilities (i.e., unadjusted where the right of setoff exists for commodity derivatives accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis):

| | Millions of Dollars | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **June 30, 2026** | | | | December 31, 2025 | | | |
| | **Level 1** | **Level 2** | **Level 3** | **Total** | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| **Assets** | | | | | | | | |
| Investments in debt securities | **$ 258** | **1,355** | **—** | **1,613** | 270 | 1,331 | — | 1,601 |
| Commodity derivatives | **901** | **332** | **69** | **1,302** | 306 | 230 | 68 | 604 |
| Total assets | **$ 1,159** | **1,687** | **69** | **2,915** | 576 | 1,561 | 68 | 2,205 |
| **Liabilities** | | | | | | | | |
| Commodity derivatives | **963** | **137** | **133** | **1,233** | 354 | 124 | 60 | 538 |
| Total liabilities | **$ 963** | **137** | **133** | **1,233** | 354 | 124 | 60 | 538 |

The following table summarizes those commodity derivative balances subject to the right of setoff as presented on our consolidated balance sheet. We have elected to offset the recognized fair value amounts for multiple derivative instruments executed with the same counterparty in our financial statements when a legal right of setoff exists.

| | Millions of Dollars | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Amounts Subject to Right of Setoff | | | | |
| | Gross Amounts Recognized | Amounts Not Subject to Right of Setoff | Gross Amounts | Gross Amounts Offset | Net Amounts Presented | Cash Collateral | Net Amounts |
| **June 30, 2026** | | | | | | | |
| Assets | **$ 1,302** | **43** | **1,259** | **974** | **285** | **1** | **284** |
| Liabilities | **1,233** | **13** | **1,220** | **974** | **246** | **63** | **183** |
| December 31, 2025 | | | | | | | |
| Assets | $ 604 | 2 | 602 | 361 | 241 | 6 | 235 |
| Liabilities | 538 | 1 | 537 | 361 | 176 | 53 | 123 |

At June 30, 2026, and December 31, 2025, we did not present any amounts gross on our consolidated balance sheet where we had the right of setoff.

**Reported Fair Values of Financial Instruments**
We used the following methods and assumptions to estimate the fair value of financial instruments:

- Cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments: The carrying amount reported on the balance sheet approximates fair value. For those investments classified as available for sale debt securities, the carrying amount reported on the balance sheet is fair value.
- Accounts and notes receivable (including long-term and related parties): The carrying amount reported on the balance sheet approximates fair value.
- Investments in debt securities classified as available for sale: The fair value of investments in debt securities categorized as Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy is measured using exchange prices. The fair value of investments in debt securities categorized as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy is measured using pricing provided by brokers or pricing service companies that are corroborated with market data. *See Note 9.*
- Accounts payable (including related parties) and floating-rate debt: The carrying amount of accounts payable and floating-rate debt reported on the balance sheet approximates fair value.
- Fixed-rate debt: The estimated fair value of fixed-rate debt is measured using prices available from a pricing service that is corroborated by market data; therefore, these liabilities are categorized as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.
- Commercial paper: The carrying amount of our commercial paper instruments approximates fair value and is reported on the balance sheet as short-term debt.

The following table summarizes the net fair value of financial instruments (i.e., adjusted where the right of setoff exists for commodity derivatives):

| | Millions of Dollars | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Carrying Amount | | Fair Value | |
| | **June 30 2026** | December 31 2025 | **June 30 2026** | December 31 2025 |
| **Financial assets** | | | | |
| Commodity derivatives | **$ 327** | 237 | **327** | 237 |
| Investments in debt securities | **1,613** | 1,601 | **1,613** | 1,601 |
| **Financial liabilities** | | | | |
| Total debt, excluding finance leases | **22,553** | 22,643 | **22,332** | 22,698 |
| Commodity derivatives | **196** | 124 | **196** | 124 |

## Note 11—Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in the equity section of our consolidated balance sheet includes:

| | Millions of Dollars | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Defined Benefit Plans | Unrealized Holding Gain/(Loss) on Securities | Foreign Currency Translation | Unrealized Gain/(Loss) on Hedging Activities | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss) |
| December 31, 2025 | $ (335) | 8 | (5,602) | 18 | (5,911) |
| **Other comprehensive income (loss)** | **16** | **(10)** | **(271)** | **—** | **(265)** |
| **June 30, 2026** | **$ (319)** | **(2)** | **(5,873)** | **18** | **(6,176)** |

## Note 12—Changes in Equity

| | Millions of Dollars | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Common Stock | | | | | |
| | Par Value | Capital in Excess of Par | Treasury Stock | Accum. Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) | Retained Earnings | Total |
| **For the three months ended June 30, 2026** | | | | | | |
| Balances at March 31, 2026 | $ 23 | 77,761 | (77,231) | (6,028) | 70,016 | 64,541 |
| Net income (loss) | | | | | **3,931** | **3,931** |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | | | | **(148)** | | **(148)** |
| Dividend declared ($0.84 per common share) | | | | | **(1,025)** | **(1,025)** |
| Repurchase of company common stock | | | **(2,000)** | | | **(2,000)** |
| Excise tax on share repurchases | | | **(20)** | | | **(20)** |
| Distributed under benefit plans | | **71** | | | | **71** |
| Other | | | | | **(1)** | **(1)** |
| **Balances at June 30, 2026** | **$ 23** | **77,832** | **(79,251)** | **(6,176)** | **72,921** | **65,349** |
| **For the six months ended June 30, 2026** | | | | | | |
| Balances at December 31, 2025 | $ 23 | 77,728 | (76,217) | (5,911) | 68,864 | 64,487 |
| Net income (loss) | | | | | **6,114** | **6,114** |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | | | | **(265)** | | **(265)** |
| Dividends declared ($1.68 per common share) | | | | | **(2,057)** | **(2,057)** |
| Repurchase of company common stock | | | **(3,006)** | | | **(3,006)** |
| Excise tax on share repurchases | | | **(27)** | | | **(27)** |
| Distributed under benefit plans | | **104** | | | | **104** |
| Other | | | **(1)** | | | **(1)** |
| **Balances at June 30, 2026** | **$ 23** | **77,832** | **(79,251)** | **(6,176)** | **72,921** | **65,349** |

| | Millions of Dollars | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Common Stock | | | | | |
| | Par Value | Capital in Excess of Par | Treasury Stock | Accum. Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) | Retained Earnings | Total |
| For the three months ended June 30, 2025 | | | | | | |
| Balances at March 31, 2025 | $ 23 | 77,554 | (72,666) | (6,394) | 66,721 | 65,238 |
| Net income (loss) | | | | | 1,971 | 1,971 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | | | | 492 | | 492 |
| Dividend declared ($0.78 per common share) | | | | | (984) | (984) |
| Repurchase of company common stock | | | (1,222) | | | (1,222) |
| Excise tax on share repurchases | | | (12) | | | (12) |
| Distributed under benefit plans | | 89 | | | | 89 |
| Other | | | 1 | | (1) | — |
| Balances at June 30, 2025 | $ 23 | 77,643 | (73,899) | (5,902) | 67,707 | 65,572 |
| For the six months ended June 30, 2025 | | | | | | |
| Balances at December 31, 2024 | $ 23 | 77,529 | (71,152) | (6,473) | 64,869 | 64,796 |
| Net income (loss) | | | | | 4,820 | 4,820 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | | | | 571 | | 571 |
| Dividends declared ($1.56 per common share) | | | | | (1,982) | (1,982) |
| Repurchase of company common stock | | | (2,722) | | | (2,722) |
| Excise tax on share repurchases | | | (25) | | | (25) |
| Distributed under benefit plans | | 114 | | | | 114 |
| Balances at June 30, 2025 | $ 23 | 77,643 | (73,899) | (5,902) | 67,707 | 65,572 |

## Note 13—Cash Flow Information

| | Millions of Dollars | |
|---|---|---|
| | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
| | **2026** | 2025 |
| **Cash payments** | | |
| **Interest** | **$ 363** | 325 |
| **Income taxes*** | **$ 2,335** | 3,198 |

**2026 includes $119 million related to purchased income tax credits.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Net Sales (Purchases) of Investments** | | |
| Short-term investments purchased | **$ (671)** | (461) |
| Short-term investments sold | **306** | 794 |
| Long-term investments purchased | **(459)** | (459) |
| Long-term investments sold | **172** | 118 |
| Total sales (purchases) of investments | **$ (652)** | (8) |

For additional information on cash and non-cash changes to our consolidated balance sheet, *see Note 3* regarding assets held for sale during the period.

## Note 14—Related Party Transactions

The following tables summarize the related party balances and activities which are primarily with equity affiliates:

| | Millions of Dollars | |
|---|---|---|
| | **June 30 2026** | December 31 2025 |
| **Balance Sheet** | | |
| Accounts and notes receivable | **$ 75** | 79 |
| Accounts payable | **56** | 64 |

| | Millions of Dollars | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Three Months Ended June 30 | | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
| | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| **Income Statement** | | | | |
| Operating revenues and other income | **$ 11** | 25 | **23** | 49 |
| Purchased commodities | **(2)** | — | **(5)** | 2 |
| Production and operating expenses and selling, general and administrative expenses | **58** | 73 | **102** | 158 |

## Note 15—Employee Benefit Plans

**Pension and Postretirement Plans**

| | Millions of Dollars | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Pension Benefits | | | | Other Benefits | |
| | **2026** | | 2025 | | **2026** | 2025 |
| | **U.S.** | **Int'l.** | U.S. | Int'l. | | |
| **Components of net periodic benefit cost** | | | | | | |
| Three months ended June 30 | | | | | | |
| Service cost | **$ 11** | **8** | 14 | 8 | **1** | 1 |
| Interest cost | **19** | **35** | 23 | 31 | **2** | 2 |
| Expected return on plan assets | **(18)** | **(53)** | (19) | (44) | | |
| Amortization of prior service cost (credit) | **—** | **2** | — | 1 | **(1)** | (6) |
| Recognized net actuarial loss (gain) | **2** | **9** | 2 | 12 | **—** | — |
| Settlements | **5** | **—** | — | — | **—** | — |
| Net periodic benefit cost | **$ 19** | **1** | 20 | 8 | **2** | (3) |
| Six Months Ended June 30 | | | | | | |
| Service cost | **$ 22** | **16** | 29 | 16 | **1** | 1 |
| Interest cost | **40** | **69** | 46 | 62 | **3** | 4 |
| Expected return on plan assets | **(38)** | **(106)** | (38) | (89) | | |
| Amortization of prior service cost (credit) | **—** | **2** | — | 1 | **(2)** | (12) |
| Recognized net actuarial loss (gain) | **4** | **18** | 5 | 23 | **—** | — |
| Settlements | **14** | **—** | — | 1 | **—** | — |
| Net periodic benefit cost | **$ 42** | **(1)** | 42 | 14 | **2** | (7) |

The components of net periodic benefit cost, other than the service cost component, are included in the "Other expenses" line of our consolidated income statement.

We recognized a proportionate share of prior actuarial losses from other comprehensive income as pension settlement expense of $5 million and $14 million for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026, respectively. In conjunction with the recognition of pension settlement expense, the fair market value of the pension plan assets was updated, and the pension benefit obligations of the U.S. qualified pension plan and the U.S. non-qualified supplemental retirement plan were remeasured at June 30, 2026. At the measurement date, the net pension liability decreased by $24 million, primarily due to an increase in the discount rate resulting in a corresponding increase to other comprehensive income.

**Severance Accrual**

The following table summarizes our severance accrual activity for the six-month period ended June 30, 2026:

| | Millions of Dollars |
|---|---|
| Balance at December 31, 2025 | $ 378 |
| Accruals | **31** |
| Benefit payments | **(279)** |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | **(3)** |
| Balance at June 30, 2026* | **$ 127** |

**Of the balance at June 30, 2026, $71 million is classified as short-term.*

## Note 16—Sales and Other Operating Revenues

**Revenue from Contracts with Customers**

The following table provides further disaggregation of our consolidated sales and other operating revenues:

| | Millions of Dollars | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Three Months Ended June 30 | | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
| | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| Revenue from contracts with customers | **$ 18,088** | 12,621 | **31,588** | 27,100 |
| Revenue from contracts outside the scope of ASC Topic 606 | | | | |
| Physical contracts meeting the definition of a derivative | **1,008** | 1,445 | **3,147** | 3,415 |
| Financial derivative contracts | **65** | (62) | **187** | 6 |
| Consolidated sales and other operating revenues | **$ 19,161** | 14,004 | **34,922** | 30,521 |

We apply the practical expedient allowed in ASC Topic 606, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers," and do not disclose the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to performance obligations or when we expect to recognize revenues that are unsatisfied as of the end of the reporting period.

Revenues from contracts outside the scope of ASC Topic 606 relate primarily to physical gas contracts at market prices, which qualify as derivatives accounted for under ASC Topic 815, "Derivatives and Hedging," and for which we have not elected NPNS. There is no significant difference in contractual terms or the policy for recognition of revenue from these contracts and those within the scope of ASC Topic 606. Further disaggregation of revenues is provided in *Note 18—Segment Disclosures and Related Information*.

**Receivables from Contracts with Customers**

At June 30, 2026, and December 31, 2025, the "Accounts and notes receivable, net" line on our consolidated balance sheet, presented net of allowances of $4 million for each period, included trade receivables of $5,792 million compared with $4,416 million at December 31, 2025, and included both contracts with customers within the scope of ASC Topic 606 and those that are outside the scope of ASC Topic 606. We typically receive payment within 30 days or less (depending on the terms of the invoice) once delivery is made. Revenues that are outside the scope of ASC Topic 606 relate primarily to physical natural gas sales contracts at market prices for which we do not elect NPNS and are therefore accounted for as a derivative under ASC Topic 815. There is little distinction in the nature of the customer or credit quality of trade receivables associated with natural gas sold under contracts for which NPNS has not been elected compared with trade receivables where NPNS has been elected.

## Note 17—Earnings Per Share

The following table presents the calculation of net income (loss) available to common shareholders and basic and diluted EPS. For the periods presented in the table below, diluted EPS calculated under the two-class method was more dilutive.

| | Millions of Dollars (except per share amounts) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Three Months Ended June 30 | | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
| | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| **Basic earnings per share** | | | | |
| Net income (loss) | **$ 3,931** | 1,971 | **6,114** | 4,820 |
| Less: Dividends and undistributed earnings allocated to participating securities | **13** | 7 | **19** | 17 |
| Net income (loss) available to common shareholders | **$ 3,918** | 1,964 | **6,095** | 4,803 |
| Weighted-average common shares outstanding (in millions) | **1,213** | 1,258 | **1,219** | 1,265 |
| **Net income (loss) per share of common stock** | **$ 3.23** | 1.56 | **5.00** | 3.80 |
| **Diluted earnings per share** | | | | |
| Net income (loss) available to common shareholders | **$ 3,918** | 1,964 | **6,095** | 4,803 |
| Weighted-average common shares outstanding (in millions) | **1,213** | 1,258 | **1,219** | 1,265 |
| Add: Dilutive impact of options and unvested non-participating RSU/PSUs (in millions) | **1** | 1 | **0** | 2 |
| Weighted-average diluted shares outstanding (in millions) | **1,214** | 1,259 | **1,219** | 1,267 |
| **Net income (loss) per share of common stock** | **$ 3.23** | 1.56 | **5.00** | 3.79 |

## Note 18—Segment Disclosures and Related Information

We explore for, produce, transport and market crude oil, bitumen, natural gas, LNG and NGLs on a worldwide basis. We manage our operations through five operating segments, which are primarily defined by geographic region: Alaska; Lower 48 (L48); Canada; Europe, Middle East and North Africa (EMENA); and Asia Pacific (AP).

Corporate and Other (Corporate) represents income and costs not directly associated with an operating segment, such as most interest expense, premiums on early retirement of debt, corporate overhead and certain technology activities, including licensing revenues. Corporate assets include all cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments.

Our chief operating decision maker (CODM) is our Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer, who evaluates performance and allocates resources among our operating segments based on each segment's net income (loss). This is done through the annual budget and forecasting process.

Intersegment sales are at prices that approximate market.

**Analysis of Results by Operating Segment**

| Three Months Ended June 30, 2026 | Millions of Dollars | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Alaska | L48 | Canada | EMENA | AP | Segment Totals | Corporate | Consolidated Total |
| **Segment sales and other operating revenues** | | | | | | | | |
| Sales and other operating revenues[#] | $ 1,873 | 13,031 | 1,925 | 2,276 | 674 | 19,779 | 15 | 19,794 |
| Intersegment eliminations | — | (3) | (621) | — | — | (624) | (9) | (633) |
| Consolidated sales and other operating revenues | 1,873 | 13,028 | 1,304 | 2,276 | 674 | 19,155 | 6 | 19,161 |
| **Significant segment expenses*** | | | | | | | | |
| Production and operating expenses | 522 | 1,276 | 290 | 270 | 87 | 2,445 | (14) | 2,431 |
| DD&A | 346 | 2,147 | 133 | 241 | 107 | 2,974 | 9 | 2,983 |
| Income tax provision (benefit) | 159 | 722 | 104 | 1,033 | 110 | 2,128 | 23 | 2,151 |
| Total | 1,027 | 4,145 | 527 | 1,544 | 304 | 7,547 | 18 | 7,565 |
| **Other segment items** | | | | | | | | |
| Equity in earnings of affiliates | — | — | — | (45) | (167) | (212) | (27) | (239) |
| Interest income | — | — | — | — | — | — | (80) | (80) |
| Interest and debt expense | — | — | — | — | — | — | 182 | 182 |
| Other** | 324 | 6,299 | 457 | 431 | 148 | 7,659 | 143 | 7,802 |
| Total | 324 | 6,299 | 457 | 386 | (19) | 7,447 | 218 | 7,665 |
| Net income (loss) | $ 522 | 2,584 | 320 | 346 | 389 | 4,161 | (230) | 3,931 |

*[#]Includes revenue from physical contracts meeting the definition of a derivative that are outside the scope of ASC Topic 606 for the L48, Canada and EMENA segments of $0.5 billion, $0.1 billion and $0.4 billion, respectively.*

**The significant segment expense categories and amounts in the table above align with segment-level information that is regularly provided to the CODM.*

***Other segment items not required to be separately disclosed for each reportable segment include:*

***Gain (loss) on dispositions:** L48 and Corporate*

***Other income and Other expenses:** Alaska, L48, EMENA and Corporate*

***Purchased commodities:** Alaska, L48, Canada, EMENA and AP*

***Selling, general and administrative expenses:** L48, Canada, EMENA, AP and Corporate*

***Exploration expenses, Taxes other than income taxes and Accretion on discounted liabilities:** Alaska, L48, Canada, EMENA, AP and Corporate*

***Impairments:** L48*

***Foreign currency transaction (gain) loss:** Canada, EMENA, AP and Corporate*

**Other Segment Disclosures**

| Three Months Ended June 30, 2026 | Millions of Dollars | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Alaska | L48 | Canada | EMENA | AP | Segment Totals | Corporate | Consolidated Total |
| Equity investments | $ 3 | 1 | — | 2,471 | 4,809 | 7,284 | 1,696 | 8,980 |
| Total assets | 21,617 | 61,966 | 9,757 | 10,797 | 8,230 | 112,367 | 11,894 | 124,261 |
| Capital expenditures and investments | 912 | 1,640 | 89 | 252 | 91 | 2,984 | 40 | 3,024 |

| Three Months Ended June 30, 2025 | Millions of Dollars | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Alaska | L48 | Canada | EMENA | AP | Segment Totals | Corporate | Consolidated Total |
| **Segment sales and other operating revenues** | | | | | | | | |
| Sales and other operating revenues[#] | $ 1,315 | 9,966 | 1,334 | 1,400 | 471 | 14,486 | 14 | 14,500 |
| Intersegment eliminations | — | (3) | (486) | — | — | (489) | (7) | (496) |
| Consolidated sales and other operating revenues | 1,315 | 9,963 | 848 | 1,400 | 471 | 13,997 | 7 | 14,004 |
| **Significant segment expenses*** | | | | | | | | |
| Production and operating expenses | 546 | 1,474 | 216 | 232 | 85 | 2,553 | 19 | 2,572 |
| DD&A | 361 | 2,003 | 143 | 198 | 118 | 2,823 | 15 | 2,838 |
| Income tax provision (benefit) | 47 | 382 | 50 | 593 | 67 | 1,139 | (93) | 1,046 |
| Total | 954 | 3,859 | 409 | 1,023 | 270 | 6,515 | (59) | 6,456 |
| **Other segment items** | | | | | | | | |
| Equity in earnings of affiliates | — | (4) | — | (115) | (185) | (304) | (11) | (315) |
| Interest income | — | — | — | — | (2) | (2) | (65) | (67) |
| Interest and debt expense | — | — | — | — | — | — | 232 | 232 |
| Other** | 226 | 4,709 | 290 | 255 | 58 | 5,538 | 189 | 5,727 |
| Total | 226 | 4,705 | 290 | 140 | (129) | 5,232 | 345 | 5,577 |
| Net income (loss) | $ 135 | 1,399 | 149 | 237 | 330 | 2,250 | (279) | 1,971 |

*[#]Includes revenue from physical contracts meeting the definition of a derivative that are outside the scope of ASC Topic 606 for the L48, Canada and EMENA segments of $1.2 billion, $0.2 billion and $0.1 billion, respectively.*

**The significant segment expense categories and amounts in the table above align with segment-level information that is regularly provided to the CODM.*

***Other segment items not required to be separately disclosed for each reportable segment include:*

***Gain (loss) on dispositions and Impairments:** L48*

***Other income:** L48, EMENA and Corporate*

***Purchased commodities and Accretion on discounted liabilities:** Alaska, L48, Canada, EMENA and AP*

***Selling, general and administrative expense, Exploration expenses and Taxes other than income taxes:** Alaska, L48, Canada, EMENA, AP and Corporate*

***Foreign currency transaction (gain) loss:** Canada, EMENA, AP and Corporate*

***Other expenses:** L48, EMENA and Corporate*

**Other Segment Disclosures**

| Three Months Ended June 30, 2025 | Millions of Dollars | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Alaska | L48 | Canada | EMENA | AP | Segment Totals | Corporate | Consolidated Total |
| Equity investments | $ 4 | 126 | — | 2,084 | 5,172 | 7,386 | 1,612 | 8,998 |
| Total assets | 19,374 | 65,087 | 10,029 | 10,128 | 8,515 | 113,133 | 9,466 | 122,599 |
| Capital expenditures and investments | 986 | 1,704 | 144 | 356 | 64 | 3,254 | 32 | 3,286 |

| Six Months Ended June 30, 2026 | Millions of Dollars | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Alaska | L48 | Canada | EMENA | AP | Segment Totals | Corporate | Consolidated Total |
| **Segment sales and other operating revenues** | | | | | | | | |
| Sales and other operating revenues[#] | $ 3,396 | 24,117 | 3,598 | 3,903 | 1,175 | 36,189 | 37 | 36,226 |
| Intersegment eliminations | — | (9) | (1,277) | — | — | (1,286) | (18) | (1,304) |
| Consolidated sales and other operating revenues | 3,396 | 24,108 | 2,321 | 3,903 | 1,175 | 34,903 | 19 | 34,922 |
| **Significant segment expenses*** | | | | | | | | |
| Production and operating expenses | 997 | 2,529 | 479 | 527 | 167 | 4,699 | 8 | 4,707 |
| DD&A | 698 | 4,198 | 285 | 480 | 210 | 5,871 | 18 | 5,889 |
| Income tax provision (benefit) | 251 | 1,117 | 131 | 1,758 | 170 | 3,427 | (96) | 3,331 |
| Total | 1,946 | 7,844 | 895 | 2,765 | 547 | 13,997 | (70) | 13,927 |
| **Other segment items** | | | | | | | | |
| Equity in earnings of affiliates | — | — | — | (140) | (331) | (471) | (15) | (486) |
| Interest income | — | — | — | — | — | — | (189) | (189) |
| Interest and debt expense | — | — | — | — | — | — | 380 | 380 |
| Other** | 634 | 12,277 | 1,021 | 667 | 275 | 14,874 | 302 | 15,176 |
| Total | 634 | 12,277 | 1,021 | 527 | (56) | 14,403 | 478 | 14,881 |
| Net income (loss) | $ 816 | 3,987 | 405 | 611 | 684 | 6,503 | (389) | 6,114 |

*[#]Includes revenue from physical contracts meeting the definition of a derivative that are outside the scope of ASC Topic 606 for the L48, Canada and EMENA segments of $2.1 billion, $0.4 billion and $0.6 billion, respectively.*

**The significant segment expense categories and amounts in the table above align with segment-level information that is regularly provided to the CODM.*

***Other segment items not required to be separately disclosed for each reportable segment include:*

- ***Gain (loss) on dispositions:** L48 and Corporate*
- ***Other income:** Alaska, L48, Canada, EMENA and Corporate*
- ***Purchased commodities:** Alaska, L48, Canada, EMENA and AP*
- ***Selling, general and administrative expenses:** L48, Canada, EMENA, AP and Corporate*
- ***Exploration expenses, Taxes other than income taxes and Accretion on discounted liabilities:** Alaska, L48, Canada, EMENA, AP and Corporate*
- ***Impairments:** Alaska and L48*
- ***Foreign currency transaction (gain) loss:** Canada, EMENA, AP and Corporate*
- ***Other expenses:** Alaska, L48, EMENA and Corporate*

**Other Segment Disclosures**

| Six Months Ended June 30, 2026 | Millions of Dollars | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Alaska | L48 | Canada | EMENA | AP | Segment Totals | Corporate | Consolidated Total |
| Equity investments | $ 3 | 1 | — | 2,471 | 4,809 | 7,284 | 1,696 | 8,980 |
| Total assets | 21,617 | 61,966 | 9,757 | 10,797 | 8,230 | 112,367 | 11,894 | 124,261 |
| Capital expenditures and investments | 1,861 | 3,145 | 210 | 514 | 173 | 5,903 | 69 | 5,972 |

| Six Months Ended June 30, 2025 | Millions of Dollars | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Alaska | L48 | Canada | EMENA | AP | Segment Totals | Corporate | Consolidated Total |
| **Segment sales and other operating revenues** | | | | | | | | |
| Sales and other operating revenues[#] | $ 2,925 | 21,514 | 2,866 | 3,340 | 895 | 31,540 | 32 | 31,572 |
| Intersegment eliminations | — | (3) | (1,033) | — | — | (1,036) | (15) | (1,051) |
| Consolidated sales and other operating revenues | 2,925 | 21,511 | 1,833 | 3,340 | 895 | 30,504 | 17 | 30,521 |
| **Significant segment expenses*** | | | | | | | | |
| Production and operating expenses | 1,052 | 2,965 | 417 | 456 | 150 | 5,040 | 38 | 5,078 |
| DD&A | 716 | 3,907 | 274 | 417 | 237 | 5,551 | 33 | 5,584 |
| Income tax provision (benefit) | 186 | 830 | 131 | 1,515 | 131 | 2,793 | (130) | 2,663 |
| Total | 1,954 | 7,702 | 822 | 2,388 | 518 | 13,384 | (59) | 13,325 |
| **Other segment items** | | | | | | | | |
| Equity in earnings of affiliates | — | (8) | — | (288) | (391) | (687) | (20) | (707) |
| Interest income | — | — | — | — | (4) | (4) | (139) | (143) |
| Interest and debt expense | — | — | — | — | — | — | 437 | 437 |
| Other** | 509 | 10,628 | 606 | 584 | 131 | 12,458 | 331 | 12,789 |
| Total | 509 | 10,620 | 606 | 296 | (264) | 11,767 | 609 | 12,376 |
| Net income (Loss) | $ 462 | 3,189 | 405 | 656 | 641 | 5,353 | (533) | 4,820 |

*[#]Includes revenue from physical contracts meeting the definition of a derivative that are outside the scope of ASC Topic 606 for the L48, Canada and EMENA segments of $2.7 billion, $0.4 billion and $0.4 billion, respectively.*

**The significant segment expense categories and amounts in the table above align with segment-level information that is regularly provided to the CODM.*

***Other segment items not required to be separately disclosed for each reportable segment include:*

- ***Gain (loss) on dispositions:** L48 and Corporate*
- ***Other income:** L48, Canada, EMENA, AP and Corporate*
- ***Selling, general and administrative expenses, Exploration expenses, Taxes other than income taxes and Accretion on discounted liabilities:** Alaska, L48, Canada, EMENA, AP and Corporate*
- ***Purchased commodities:** Alaska, L48, Canada, EMENA and AP*
- ***Impairments:** L48 and EMENA*
- ***Foreign currency transaction (gain) loss:** Canada, EMENA, AP and Corporate*
- ***Other expenses:** EMENA and Corporate*

**Other Segment Disclosures**

| Six Months Ended June 30, 2025 | Millions of Dollars | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Alaska | L48 | Canada | EMENA | AP | Segment Totals | Corporate | Consolidated Total |
| Equity investments | $ 4 | 126 | — | 2,084 | 5,172 | 7,386 | 1,612 | 8,998 |
| Total assets | 19,374 | 65,087 | 10,029 | 10,128 | 8,515 | 113,133 | 9,466 | 122,599 |
| Capital expenditures and investments | 2,032 | 3,518 | 309 | 630 | 118 | 6,607 | 57 | 6,664 |

| | Millions of Dollars | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Three Months Ended June 30 | | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
| | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| **Consolidated sales and other operating revenues** | | | | |
| Crude oil | **$ 14,271** | 9,528 | **24,529** | 20,361 |
| Natural gas | **1,149** | 1,930 | **3,653** | 4,762 |
| Natural gas liquids | **1,117** | 938 | **2,039** | 1,993 |
| Other* | **2,624** | 1,608 | **4,701** | 3,405 |
| Total | **$ 19,161** | 14,004 | **34,922** | 30,521 |

**Includes bitumen, power and LNG.*

| | Millions of Dollars | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Three Months Ended June 30 | | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
| | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| **Revenue from physical contracts meeting the definition of a derivative outside the scope of ASC Topic 606** | | | | |
| Crude oil | **$ 178** | 48 | **288** | 157 |
| Natural gas | **649** | 1,117 | **2,350** | 2,763 |
| Power | **181** | 280 | **509** | 495 |
| Total | **$ 1,008** | 1,445 | **3,147** | 3,415 |

| **Sales and other operating revenues by geographic location*** | Millions of Dollars | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Three Months Ended June 30 | | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
| | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| U.S. | **$ 14,851** | 11,137 | **27,367** | 24,249 |
| International | **4,310** | 2,867 | **7,555** | 6,272 |
| Worldwide consolidated | **$ 19,161** | 14,004 | **34,922** | 30,521 |

**Sales and other operating revenues are attributable to countries based on the location of the selling operation.*

## Note 19—Income Taxes

Our effective tax rate for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2026, and June 30, 2025, was 35.4 percent and 34.7 percent, respectively. The change in the effective tax rate for the three-month period ended June 30, 2026, is primarily due to a shift in our mix of income among taxing jurisdictions.

Our effective tax rate for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2026, and June 30, 2025, was 35.3 percent and 35.6 percent, respectively. The change in the effective tax rate for the six-month period ended June 30, 2026, is primarily due to a shift in our mix of income among taxing jurisdictions partly offset by a change to our valuation allowance in the prior year, as described below.

During the first quarter of 2025, our valuation allowance decreased $56 million, relating to the expected utilization of previously unrecognized capital loss carryforwards due to our agreement to sell our interests in the Ursa and Europa fields, and the Ursa Oil Pipeline Company LLC to Shell Offshore Inc. and Shell Pipeline Company LP, respectively.

The company has ongoing income tax audits in a number of jurisdictions. The government agents in charge of these audits regularly request additional time to complete audits, which we generally grant, and conversely, occasionally close audits unpredictably.

## Note 20—New Accounting Standards

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU No. 2024-03, “Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses” to disaggregate the disclosures about a public business entity’s expenses (including purchases of inventory, employee compensation, depreciation, depletion and amortization) in commonly presented expense captions. The ASU will impact our financial statement disclosures only and will be applied prospectively with retrospective application permitted. The ASU is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2026, and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2027, and early adoption is permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this ASU.

In May 2026, the FASB issued ASU No. 2026-02, “Accounting for Environmental Credit Programs” to provide recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure requirements for all entities that generate, purchase or receive environmental credits or will have a regulatory compliance obligation that may be settled with environmental credits (including renewable energy and carbon offset credits). This ASU will be applied on a retrospective basis through a cumulative-effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings as of the beginning of the annual reporting period of adoption. The ASU is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2027, and interim reporting periods within those annual reporting periods, and early adoption is permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this ASU.

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

*Management's Discussion and Analysis is the company's analysis of its financial performance and of significant trends that may affect future performance. It should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes. It contains forward-looking statements including, without limitation, statements relating to the company's plans, strategies, objectives, expectations and intentions that are made pursuant to the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The words "ambition," "anticipate," "believe," "budget," "continue," "could," "effort," "estimate," "expect," "forecast," "goal," "guidance," "intend," "may," "objective," "outlook," "plan," "potential," "predict," "projection," "seek," "should," "target," "will," "would" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. The company does not undertake to update, revise or correct any of the forward-looking information unless required to do so under the federal securities laws. Readers are cautioned that such forward-looking statements should be read in conjunction with the company's disclosures under the heading: "CAUTIONARY STATEMENT FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE 'SAFE HARBOR' PROVISIONS OF THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995," beginning on page 48.*

*The terms "earnings" and "loss" as used in Management's Discussion and Analysis refer to net income (loss). Throughout this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, certain totals and percentages may differ from the precise sum of the underlying components due to rounding.*

## Business Environment and Executive Overview

ConocoPhillips is one of the world's leading E&P companies based on production and reserves, with operations and activities in 15 countries. Our diverse, low cost of supply portfolio includes resource-rich unconventional plays in North America; conventional assets in North America, Europe, Africa and Asia; global LNG developments; oil sands in Canada; and an inventory of global exploration prospects. Headquartered in Houston, Texas, at June 30, 2026, we employed approximately 9,600 people worldwide and had total assets of $124 billion.

### Overview

At ConocoPhillips, we anticipate that commodity prices will continue to be cyclical and volatile, and our view is that a successful business strategy in the E&P industry must be resilient in lower price environments while also retaining upside during periods of higher prices. As such, we are unhedged, remain committed to our disciplined investment framework and continually monitor market fundamentals, including the impacts associated with geopolitical tensions and conflicts, global demand for our products, oil and gas inventory levels, governmental policies, tariffs, inflation and supply chain disruptions. We continue to closely monitor the macroeconomic environment and the ongoing market volatility in the energy landscape and across global markets for implications to our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Geopolitical tensions in the Middle East, including the ongoing conflict involving Iran, have increased volatility in global energy markets and may elevate risks to regional operations, infrastructure and shipping routes. We have investments in LNG facilities in Qatar, including one producing asset and two projects under construction. Our investments have not been damaged, though production remained constrained through the second quarter of 2026, and there are no indications of impairment. However, further escalation could adversely affect operations, LNG transportation and construction and have broader supply chain impacts. Production from our Qatar investments was approximately four percent of total company production volumes in 2025. The company continues to monitor developments and prioritize the safety of personnel and the integrity of our operations. *See Note 6*.

As the global energy industry continues to evolve, we remain committed to creating long-term value for our stockholders. We believe ConocoPhillips plays an essential role in responsibly meeting the global demand for energy, while continuing to deliver competitive returns on and of capital and working to meet our previously established emissions-reduction targets. Our value proposition to deliver competitive returns to stockholders through price cycles is guided by our foundational principles which consist of maintaining balance sheet strength, providing peer-leading distributions, making disciplined investments and demonstrating responsible and reliable ESG performance.

In 2025, we made clear commitments to enhance portfolio value and structural profitability, and we remain focused on seeing those commitments through to completion. In the second half of 2025, we announced incremental cost reductions and margin enhancements exceeding $1 billion anticipated on a run-rate basis by year-end 2026, reflecting continued progress toward delivering sustainable improvements in our cost structure and margins.

In the third quarter of 2025, we announced a total disposition target of $5 billion by year-end 2026. In the second quarter of 2026, we entered into agreements to sell our interests in certain noncore assets in the Lower 48 segment for approximately $1.7 billion, subject to customary closing adjustments. These transactions closed in the third quarter of 2026. These transactions, coupled with our 2025 dispositions, achieved the $5 billion disposition target. *See Note 3.*

Operationally, we remain focused on safely executing the business while also progressing key strategic initiatives. During the second quarter of 2026, we entered into certain commercial LNG agreements, expanding our commercial offtake from 10.2 MTPA to 12.2 MTPA.

In June 2026, we and a third-party operator jointly signed an agreement with the Syrian government and Syrian Petroleum Company to increase production from, and further develop, certain gas fields in Syria, from which we do not expect material impacts in 2026.
In July 2026, we entered into an agreement with a wholly owned subsidiary of BP p.l.c. (bp) to acquire a 42 percent direct equity holding in a non-operated joint venture, supporting the ongoing redevelopment of four large-scale, currently producing oil fields in the Kirkuk area of northern Iraq. The cash outflow at close is expected to be $0.3 billion to $0.5 billion, including reimbursement of our proportionate share of bp's project costs incurred from the effective date of the agreement through close. In addition, deferred payments of $0.2 billion will be paid no later than three years from the date of close. This transaction is expected to close by the end of 2026, subject to regulatory approvals and other customary closing conditions, with an effective date of July 1, 2026. *See Note 3.*

Production was 2,248 MBOED in the second quarter of 2026, a decrease of 143 MBOED from the same period a year ago. After adjusting for impacts from closed acquisitions and dispositions, second-quarter 2026 production decreased by 98 MBOED or four percent from the same period a year ago.

Second-quarter 2026 production resulted in $7.4 billion of cash provided by operating activities. We returned $3.0 billion to shareholders, consisting of $2.0 billion through share repurchases and $1.0 billion through our ordinary dividend. We ended the quarter with cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term investments totaling $8.1 billion and long-term investments in debt securities of $1.2 billion.

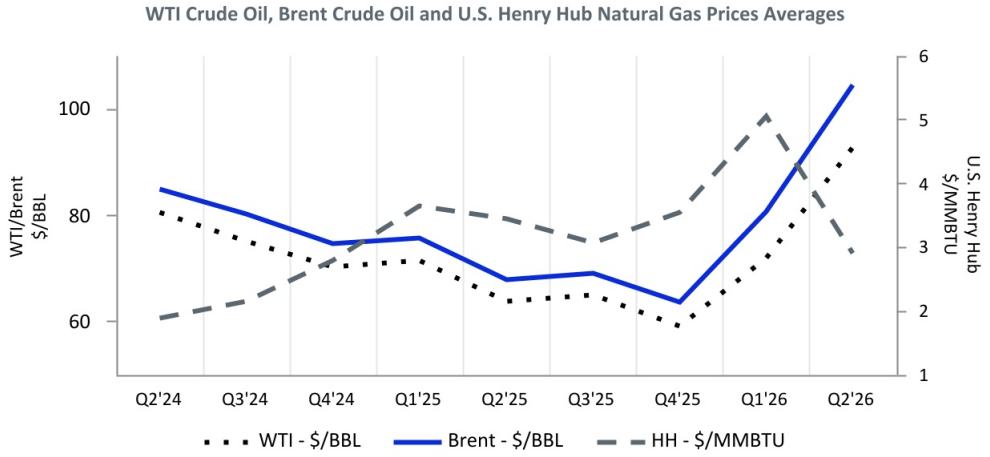
Also in the second quarter of 2026, we reinvested $3.0 billion into the business in the form of capital expenditures and investments, with over half of the expenditures related to flexible, short-cycle unconventional plays in the Lower 48 segment.

In August 2026, we declared a third-quarter ordinary dividend of $0.84 per share.

## Business Environment

Commodity prices are the most significant factor impacting our profitability and related returns on and of capital to our shareholders. Dynamics that could influence world energy markets and commodity prices include, but are not limited to, global economic health, supply or demand disruptions or fears thereof caused by civil unrest, global pandemics, military conflicts, actions taken by OPEC Plus and other major oil producing countries, environmental laws, tariffs, governmental policies and weather-related disruptions. Our strategy is to create value through price cycles by delivering on the financial, operational and ESG priorities that underpin our value proposition.

Our earnings and operating cash flows generally correlate with price levels for crude oil and natural gas, which are subject to factors external to the company and over which we have no control. The following graph depicts the trend in average benchmark prices for WTI crude oil, Brent crude oil and U.S. Henry Hub natural gas:




The following table presents average prices for the second quarter of 2026 compared to the second quarter of 2025.

| | Three Months Ended June 30 | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Industry Prices** | **2026** | 2025 | Change |
| Brent ($ per BBL) | **104.52** | 67.82 | 54 % |
| WTI ($ per BBL) | **92.79** | 63.74 | 46 % |
| Henry Hub ($ per MMBTU) | **2.90** | 3.44 | (16) % |
| **Average Realized Prices** | | | |
| Crude ($ per BBL) | **99.40** | 64.23 | 55 % |
| Bitumen ($ per BBL) | **61.01** | 39.43 | 55 % |
| Gas ($ per MCF) | **2.58** | 4.16 | (38) % |
| Total ($ per BOE) | **62.33** | 45.77 | 36 % |

Oil and bitumen prices were higher in the second quarter of 2026 compared with the same period of 2025 as Middle East supply disruptions that began in the first quarter of 2026 persisted through the second quarter.

U.S. Henry Hub prices decreased relative to the first quarter of 2026 due to seasonally softer demand coupled with rising domestic production and above normal inventory levels. Prices decreased relative to the same quarter last year as rising domestic production contributed to a well-supplied market. The risk of volatility in regional markers remains throughout 2026.

Total realized prices were higher in the second quarter of 2026 compared with the same period of 2025 primarily driven by higher industry prices for oil.

## Key Operating and Financial Summary

- Reported second-quarter 2026 earnings per share of $3.23;
- Generated cash provided by operating activities of $7.4 billion;
- Distributed $3.0 billion to shareholders, including $2.0 billion through share repurchases and $1.0 billion through the ordinary dividend;
- Declared third-quarter ordinary dividend of $0.84 per share;
- Reaffirmed full-year guidance items;
- Delivered total company and Lower 48 production of 2,248 MBOED and 1,479 MBOED, respectively;
- Signed agreements to sell noncore Lower 48 assets for $1.7 billion, which closed in July, achieving $5 billion disposition target ahead of schedule;
- Signed an agreement to acquire a 42% interest in a joint venture in the Kirkuk area of northern Iraq, accessing long-life, conventional redevelopment opportunities at an attractive entry cost and competitive cost of supply; closing expected by year-end 2026;
- Executed an agreement for re-entry into Syria, leveraging existing infrastructure to restore and increase production at onshore fields;
- Advanced commercial LNG strategy with additional 2 MTPA of offtake agreements, bringing total LNG offtake to 12 MTPA; and
- Ended the quarter with cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash of $7.0 billion, short-term investments of $1.1 billion and long-term investments of $1.2 billion.

## Outlook

Production

Third-quarter 2026 production is expected to be 2.29 to 2.32 MMBOED.

All full-year guidance items remain unchanged.

# Results of Operations

*Unless otherwise indicated, discussion of consolidated results for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026, is based on a comparison with the corresponding period of 2025.*

## Consolidated Results

### Summary Operating Statistics

| | Three Months Ended June 30 | | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| **Average Net Production** | | | | |
| Crude oil (MBD) | | | | |
| Consolidated operations | **1,092** | 1,144 | **1,096** | 1,149 |
| Equity affiliates | **2** | 11 | **6** | 12 |
| Total crude oil | **1,094** | 1,155 | **1,102** | 1,161 |
| Natural gas liquids (MBD) | | | | |
| Consolidated operations | **419** | 418 | **414** | 406 |
| Equity affiliates | **1** | 6 | **4** | 7 |
| Total natural gas liquids | **420** | 424 | **418** | 413 |
| Bitumen (MBD) | **115** | 144 | **117** | 144 |
| Natural gas (MMCFD) | | | | |
| Consolidated operations | **2,845** | 2,855 | **2,834** | 2,848 |
| Equity affiliates | **865** | 1,150 | **1,015** | 1,190 |
| Total natural gas | **3,710** | 4,005 | **3,848** | 4,038 |
| **Total Production** (MBOED) | **2,248** | 2,391 | **2,278** | 2,391 |
| **Total Production** (MMBOE) | **205** | 218 | **412** | 433 |

| | Dollars Per Unit | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Average Sales Prices** | | | | |
| Crude oil (per BBL) | | | | |
| Consolidated operations | **$ 99.47** | 64.21 | **86.70** | 67.92 |
| Equity affiliates | **66.95** | 65.87 | **68.46** | 71.15 |
| Total crude oil | **99.40** | 64.23 | **86.60** | 67.95 |
| Natural gas liquids (per BBL) | | | | |
| Consolidated operations | **24.43** | 20.51 | **22.29** | 22.60 |
| Equity affiliates | **45.20** | 48.93 | **45.97** | 50.72 |
| Total natural gas liquids | **24.54** | 20.98 | **22.51** | 23.11 |
| Bitumen (per BBL) | **61.01** | 39.43 | **55.80** | 42.30 |
| Natural gas (per MCF) | | | | |
| Consolidated operations | **1.60** | 2.99 | **2.47** | 3.88 |
| Equity affiliates | **5.62** | 6.91 | **5.76** | 7.24 |
| Total natural gas | **$ 2.58** | 4.16 | **3.36** | 4.90 |

| | Millions of Dollars | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Three Months Ended June 30 | | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
| | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| **Exploration Expenses** | | | | |
| General administrative, geological and geophysical, lease rental and other | **$ 53** | 57 | **128** | 113 |
| Leasehold impairment | **18** | 18 | **43** | 36 |
| Dry hole | **4** | 6 | **13** | 49 |
| Total exploration expenses | **$ 75** | 81 | **184** | 198 |

## Total Company Production

We explore for, produce, transport and market crude oil, bitumen, natural gas, LNG and NGLs on a worldwide basis. In the quarter ended June 30, 2026, our operations were producing in the U.S., Australia, Canada, China, Equatorial Guinea, Libya, Malaysia, Norway and Qatar.

Total production in the second quarter of 2026 was 2,248 MBOED, a decrease of 143 MBOED or six percent from the same period a year ago. Total production in the six-month period ended June 30, 2026, was 2,278 MBOED, a decrease of 113 MBOED or five percent from the same period a year ago. Production decreases were primarily driven by normal field decline.

Production decreases were partly offset by new wells online in the Lower 48, Canada, Alaska, China, Australia and Libya.

After adjusting for impacts from closed acquisitions and dispositions, second-quarter 2026 production decreased by 98 MBOED or four percent from the same period a year ago. After adjusting for closed acquisitions and dispositions, production in the six-month period ended June 30, 2026, decreased by 57 MBOED or four percent.

## Income Statement Analysis

*Unless otherwise indicated, all results in Income Statement Analysis are before-tax.*

Below is select financial data provided on a consolidated basis. The full Income Statement can be found in *Item 1. Financial Statements*.

| | Millions of Dollars | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Three Months Ended June 30 | | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
| | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| Sales and other operating revenues | **$ 19,161** | 14,004 | **34,922** | 30,521 |
| Purchased commodities | **6,712** | 5,085 | **12,995** | 11,273 |
| Production and operating expenses | **2,431** | 2,572 | **4,707** | 5,078 |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization | **2,983** | 2,838 | **5,889** | 5,584 |
| Taxes other than income taxes | **793** | 572 | **1,400** | 1,123 |

Sales and other operating revenues for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026, increased $5,157 million and $4,401 million, respectively. Increases for the three- and six-month periods include higher crude and bitumen prices of $3,730 million and $3,988 million, respectively. For the three- and six-month periods, these increases were partly offset by lower volumes of $409 million and $835 million, respectively.

Purchased commodities for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026, increased $1,627 million and $1,722 million, respectively, primarily due to higher crude prices partly offset by lower gas prices.

Production and operating expenses for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026, decreased $141 million and $371 million, respectively, primarily due to increased efficiencies.

DD&A for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026, increased $145 million and $305 million, respectively, primarily due to higher DD&A rates, driven by higher net book values from the finalized allocations of our Marathon Oil purchase price to specific assets and lower proved developed reserves as of December 31, 2025.

## Segment Results

*Unless otherwise indicated, discussion of segment results for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026, is based on a comparison with the corresponding period of 2025 and are shown after-tax.*

A summary of the company's net income (loss) by business segment follows:

| | Millions of Dollars | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Three Months Ended June 30 | | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
| | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| Alaska | **$ 522** | 135 | **816** | 462 |
| Lower 48 | **2,584** | 1,399 | **3,987** | 3,189 |
| Canada | **320** | 149 | **405** | 405 |
| Europe, Middle East and North Africa | **346** | 237 | **611** | 656 |
| Asia Pacific | **389** | 330 | **684** | 641 |
| Segment Totals | **4,161** | 2,250 | **6,503** | 5,353 |
| Corporate and Other | **(230)** | (279) | **(389)** | (533) |
| Net income (loss) | **$ 3,931** | 1,971 | **6,114** | 4,820 |

For further discussion of segment results, see the following pages.

## Alaska

| | | Three Months Ended June 30 | | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| **Select financial data by segment before-tax** ($MM) | | | | | |
| Sales and other operating revenues | **$** | **1,873** | 1,315 | **3,396** | 2,925 |
| Production and operating expenses | | **522** | 546 | **997** | 1,052 |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization | | **346** | 361 | **698** | 716 |
| Taxes other than income taxes | | **182** | 128 | **330** | 188 |
| **Net income (loss)** ($MM) | **$** | **522** | 135 | **816** | 462 |
| **Average Net Production** | | | | | |
| Crude oil (MBD) | | **169** | 182 | **172** | 183 |
| Natural gas liquids (MBD) | | **14** | 15 | **15** | 16 |
| Natural gas (MMCFD) | | **14** | 48 | **20** | 48 |
| **Total Production** (MBOED) | | **185** | 205 | **190** | 207 |
| **Total Production** (MMBOE) | | **17** | 19 | **34** | 37 |
| **Average Sales Prices** | | | | | |
| Crude oil ($ per BBL) | **$** | **108.49** | 70.87 | **94.49** | 73.90 |
| Natural gas ($ per MCF) | | **3.29** | 3.80 | **3.51** | 3.85 |

The Alaska segment primarily explores for, produces, transports and markets crude oil, NGLs and natural gas. As of June 30, 2026, Alaska contributed 11 percent of our consolidated liquids production and one percent of our consolidated natural gas production.

### Net Income (Loss)

Alaska reported earnings of $522 million and $816 million in the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026, respectively, compared with earnings of $135 million and $462 million for the same periods of 2025.

Earnings in the second quarter of 2026 included higher sales revenues resulting from higher realized prices of $480 million. This increase was partly offset by lower produced volumes of $78 million.

Earnings in the six-month period ended June 30, 2026 included higher sales revenues resulting from higher realized prices of $532 million. This increase was partly offset by lower produced volumes of $138 million and higher taxes other than income of $109 million primarily driven by the absence of an impact from the settlement of a contingent matter.

### Production

Average production decreased 20 MBOED and 17 MBOED in the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026, respectively, primarily driven by normal field decline.

The production decreases were partly offset by new wells online.

## Lower 48

| | | Three Months Ended June 30 | | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| **Select financial data by segment before-tax** ($MM) | | | | | |
| Sales and other operating revenues | **$** | **13,028** | 9,963 | **24,108** | 21,511 |
| Production and operating expenses | | **1,276** | 1,474 | **2,529** | 2,965 |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization | | **2,147** | 2,003 | **4,198** | 3,907 |
| Taxes other than income taxes | | **513** | 396 | **907** | 825 |
| **Net income (loss)** ($MM) | **$** | **2,584** | 1,399 | **3,987** | 3,189 |
| **Average Net Production** | | | | | |
| Crude oil (MBD) | | **732** | 761 | **732** | 757 |
| Natural gas liquids (MBD) | | **392** | 389 | **385** | 376 |
| Natural gas (MMCFD) | | **2,126** | 2,146 | **2,097** | 2,113 |
| **Total Production** (MBOED) | | **1,479** | 1,508 | **1,466** | 1,485 |
| **Total Production** (MMBOE) | | **135** | 137 | **265** | 269 |
| **Average Sales Prices** | | | | | |
| Crude oil ($ per BBL) | **$** | **96.24** | 61.90 | **83.65** | 65.60 |
| Natural gas liquids ($ per BBL) | | **24.30** | 20.52 | **22.12** | 22.59 |
| Natural gas ($ per MCF) | | **(1.44)** | 1.60 | **(0.15)** | 2.12 |

The Lower 48 segment consists of operations located in the U.S. Lower 48 states and commercial operations. As of June 30, 2026, the Lower 48 contributed 69 percent of our consolidated liquids production and 74 percent of our consolidated natural gas production.

### Net Income (Loss)

Lower 48 reported earnings of $2,584 million and $3,987 million in the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026, respectively, compared with earnings of $1,399 million and $3,189 million for the same periods of 2025.

Earnings in the second quarter of 2026 included higher sales revenues resulting from higher realized crude and NGL prices of $1,892 million. Additional increases to earnings include lower production and operating expenses of $155 million primarily driven by efficiencies. Decreases to earnings include lower gas prices of $459 million driven by lower gas realizations and lower volumes of $125 million. Additional decreases to earnings include the absence of a gain on a disposition of $254 million and higher DD&A of $112 million, primarily driven by higher rates, due to higher net book values from the finalized allocations of our Marathon Oil purchase price to specific assets and lower proved developed reserves as of December 31, 2025.

Earnings in the six-month period ended June 30, 2026 included higher sales revenues resulting from higher realized crude prices of $1,868 million. Additional increases to earnings include lower production and operating expenses of $341 million, primarily driven by efficiencies. Decreases to earnings include lower gas prices of $673 million driven by lower gas realizations and lower volumes of $208 million. Additional decreases to earnings include the absence of a gain on a disposition of $242 million, and higher DD&A of $227 million, primarily driven by higher rates, due to higher net book values from the finalized allocations of our Marathon Oil purchase price to specific assets and lower proved developed reserves as of December 31, 2025.

### Production

Average production decreased 29 MBOED and 19 MBOED in the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026, respectively. Production decreases were primarily driven by normal field decline and dispositions of assets in 2025.

Decreases to production were partly offset by new wells online from our development programs in the Delaware Basin, Eagle Ford, Midland Basin and Bakken.

## Assets Held for Sale

In the second quarter of 2026, we entered into agreements to sell our interests in certain noncore assets in the Lower 48 segment for approximately $1.7 billion, subject to customary closing adjustments. Production from these assets averaged approximately 21 MBOED in 2025. These transactions closed in the third quarter of 2026. *See Note 3.*

## Canada

| | | Three Months Ended June 30 | | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| **Select financial data by segment before-tax** ($MM) | | | | | |
| Sales and other operating revenues | **$** | **1,304** | 848 | **2,321** | 1,833 |
| Production and operating expenses | | **290** | 216 | **479** | 417 |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization | | **133** | 143 | **285** | 274 |
| Taxes other than income taxes | | **7** | 5 | **17** | 14 |
| **Net income (loss)** ($MM) | **$** | **320** | 149 | **405** | 405 |
| **Average Net Production** | | | | | |
| Crude oil (MBD) | | **11** | 20 | **14** | 18 |
| Natural gas liquids (MBD) | | **6** | 6 | **6** | 6 |
| Bitumen (MBD) | | **115** | 144 | **117** | 144 |
| Natural gas (MMCFD) | | **117** | 124 | **124** | 117 |
| **Total Production** (MBOED) | | **152** | 191 | **158** | 187 |
| **Total Production** (MMBOE) | | **14** | 17 | **29** | 34 |
| **Average Sales Prices** | | | | | |
| Crude oil ($ per BBL) | **$** | **87.10** | 55.48 | **73.73** | 58.64 |
| Natural gas liquids ($ per BBL) | | **30.25** | 20.63 | **29.73** | 24.25 |
| Bitumen ($ per BBL) | | **61.01** | 39.43 | **55.80** | 42.30 |
| Natural gas ($ per MCF)* | | **0.79** | 0.71 | **1.25** | 1.01 |

**Average sales prices include unutilized transportation costs.*

The Canada segment operations include the Surmont oil sands development in Alberta, the Montney unconventional play in British Columbia and commercial operations. As of June 30, 2026, Canada contributed eight percent of our consolidated liquids production and four percent of our consolidated natural gas production.

### Net Income (Loss)

Canada reported earnings of $320 million and $405 million in the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026, respectively, compared with earnings of $149 million and $405 million for the same periods of 2025.

Earnings in the second quarter of 2026 included higher sales revenues resulting from higher realized prices of $199 million and timing of sales. This increase was partly offset by lower volumes of $113 million and a pending claim of $58 million.

Earnings in the six-month period ended June 30, 2026 included higher sales revenues resulting from higher realized prices of $254 million and timing of sales. This increase was offset by lower volumes of $187 million and pending claims of $121 million. Additional decreases to earnings included lower other income of $56 million primarily from a change in the fair value measurement associated with the Surmont contingent consideration arrangement. *See Note 10*.

### Production

Average production decreased 39 MBOED and 29 MBOED in the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026, respectively. Decreases to production resulted from higher variable royalties in Surmont following a post-payout event in 2025 and a rate increase due to higher prices, as well as normal field decline. The Surmont royalties are based on a sliding scale ranging from 25 percent to 40 percent, calculated under the oil sands royalty regime as a percentage of gross revenue, net of allowable deductions post-payout, indexed to WTI prices between $55 CAD and $120 CAD.

Production decreases were partly offset by new wells online in the Montney area.

## Europe, Middle East and North Africa

| | | Three Months Ended June 30 | | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| **Select financial data by segment before-tax** ($MM) | | | | | |
| Sales and other operating revenues | **$** | **2,276** | 1,400 | **3,903** | 3,340 |
| Production and operating expenses | | **270** | 232 | **527** | 456 |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization | | **241** | 198 | **480** | 417 |
| Taxes other than income taxes | | **15** | 10 | **30** | 22 |
| **Net income (loss)** ($MM) | **$** | **346** | 237 | **611** | 656 |
| *Consolidated Operations* | | | | | |
| **Average Net Production** | | | | | |
| Crude oil (MBD) | | **122** | 120 | **121** | 129 |
| Natural gas liquids (MBD) | | **8** | 8 | **8** | 8 |
| Natural gas (MMCFD) | | **514** | 483 | **519** | 511 |
| **Total Production** (MBOED) | | **215** | 208 | **216** | 222 |
| **Total Production** (MMBOE) | | **20** | 19 | **39** | 40 |
| **Average Sales Prices** | | | | | |
| Crude oil ($ per BBL) | **$** | **103.26** | 67.48 | **91.05** | 71.36 |
| Natural gas liquids ($ per BBL) | | **26.57** | 20.24 | **24.37** | 22.08 |
| Natural gas ($ per MCF) | | **14.49** | 10.21 | **13.03** | 11.87 |

*Production and sales prices exclude equity affiliates. See Summary Operating Statistics for equity affiliate totals.*

The Europe, Middle East and North Africa segment consists of operations principally located in the Norwegian sector of the North Sea and the Norwegian Sea, Qatar, Libya, Equatorial Guinea, Syria and commercial and terminalling operations in the U.K. As of June 30, 2026, our Europe, Middle East and North Africa operations contributed eight percent of our consolidated liquids production and 18 percent of our consolidated natural gas production.

### Net Income (Loss)

Europe, Middle East and North Africa reported earnings of $346 million and $611 million in the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026, respectively, compared with earnings of $237 million and $656 million for the same periods of 2025.

Earnings in the second quarter of 2026 included higher revenues resulting from higher realized prices of $151 million. Decreases to earnings included lower earnings from equity affiliates of $18 million, primarily driven by lower volumes, and tax impacts of $29 million due to a shift in our mix of income among taxing jurisdictions.

Decreases to earnings in the six-month period ended June 30, 2026 included tax impacts of $96 million due to a shift in our mix of income among taxing jurisdictions, lower earnings from equity affiliates of $38 million, primarily driven by lower volumes, and lower volumes of $22 million. The decreases were partly offset by higher realized prices of $140 million.

### Consolidated Production

Average consolidated production increased seven MBOED and decreased six MBOED in the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026, respectively. Production in the three-month period increased due to the absence of field-wide turnarounds in the Greater Ekofisk Area of Norway. Both periods also benefited from new wells online and improved performance in Equatorial Guinea, Libya and Norway.

The above production increases were partly offset for the three-month period and more than offset for the six-month period by normal field decline.

### Qatar

We have investments in LNG facilities in Qatar, including one producing asset and two projects under construction. Our investments have not been damaged, though production remained constrained through the second quarter of 2026, and there are no indications of impairment. However, further escalation could adversely affect operations, LNG transportation and construction and have broader supply chain impacts. The company continues to monitor developments and prioritize the safety of personnel and the integrity of our operations. *See Note 6*.

### Recent and Pending Acquisitions

In June 2026, we and a third-party operator jointly signed an agreement with the Syrian government and Syrian Petroleum Company to increase production from, and further develop, certain gas fields in Syria, from which we do not expect material impacts in 2026.

In July 2026, we entered into an agreement with a wholly owned subsidiary of bp to acquire a 42 percent direct equity holding in a non-operated joint venture, supporting the ongoing redevelopment of four large-scale, currently producing oil fields in the Kirkuk area of northern Iraq. The cash outflow at close is expected to be $0.3 billion to $0.5 billion, including reimbursement of our proportionate share of bp's project costs incurred from the effective date of the agreement through close. In addition, deferred payments of $0.2 billion will be paid no later than three years from the date of close. This transaction is expected to close by the end of 2026, subject to regulatory approvals and other customary closing conditions, with an effective date of July 1, 2026. *See Note 3*.

## Asia Pacific

| | Three Months Ended June 30 | | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| **Select financial data by segment before-tax** ($MM) | | | | |
| Sales and other operating revenues | **$ 674** | 471 | **1,175** | 895 |
| Production and operating expenses | **87** | 85 | **167** | 150 |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization | **107** | 118 | **210** | 237 |
| Taxes other than income taxes | **66** | 15 | **90** | 32 |
| **Net income (loss)** ($MM) | **$ 389** | 330 | **684** | 641 |
| *Consolidated Operations* | | | | |
| **Average Net Production** | | | | |
| Crude oil (MBD) | **58** | 61 | **57** | 62 |
| Natural gas (MMCFD) | **75** | 54 | **75** | 59 |
| **Total Production** (MBOED) | **70** | 70 | **69** | 72 |
| **Total Production** (MMBOE) | **6** | 6 | **12** | 13 |
| **Average Sales Prices** | | | | |
| Crude oil ($ per BBL) | **$ 108.99** | 69.65 | **95.58** | 72.91 |
| Natural gas ($ per MCF) | **3.34** | 3.70 | **3.34** | 3.68 |

*Production and sales prices exclude equity affiliates. See Summary Operating Statistics for equity affiliate totals.*

The Asia Pacific segment has operations in China, Malaysia, Australia and commercial operations in China, Singapore and Japan. As of June 30, 2026, Asia Pacific contributed four percent of our consolidated liquids production and three percent of our consolidated natural gas production.

### Net Income (Loss)

Asia Pacific reported earnings of $389 million and $684 million in the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026, respectively, compared with earnings of $330 million and $641 million for the same periods of 2025.

Earnings in the second quarter of 2026 included higher sales revenues resulting from higher realized prices of $160 million. Decreases to earnings include higher taxes other than income taxes of $40 million due to higher crude prices.

Earnings in the six-month period ended June 30, 2026 included higher sales revenues resulting from higher realized prices of $183 million partly offset by lower volumes of $44 million. Decreases to earnings include lower earnings from equity affiliates of $47 million, primarily due to lower LNG marker prices, and higher taxes other than income taxes of $46 million due to higher crude prices.

### Consolidated Production

Average consolidated production remained flat in the three-month period and decreased three MBOED in the six-month period ended June 30, 2026. Decreases to production were primarily due to normal field decline.

Production decreases were offset in the three-month period and partly offset in the six-month period by development activity in Bohai Bay in China.

## Corporate and Other

| | Millions of Dollars | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Three Months Ended June 30 | | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
| | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| **Net income (loss)** | | | | |
| Net interest expense | **$ (84)** | (139) | **(162)** | (250) |
| Corporate G&A expenses | **(110)** | (147) | **(207)** | (257) |
| Technology | **(18)** | (22) | **(25)** | (40) |
| Other income (expense) | **(18)** | 29 | **5** | 14 |
| | **$ (230)** | (279) | **(389)** | (533) |

Net interest expense consists of interest and debt expense, net of interest income and capitalized interest. Net interest expense decreased in the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026 due to higher interest income and higher capitalized interest.

Corporate G&A expenses include compensation programs and staff costs. Corporate G&A expenses decreased in the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026, primarily due to the absence of transaction and integration expenses associated with our acquisition of Marathon Oil.

Technology includes our investments in low-carbon and other new technologies or businesses and licensing revenues. Other new technologies or businesses and licensing activities are focused on both conventional and tight oil reservoirs, shale gas, oil sands, enhanced oil recovery, as well as LNG.

Other income (expense) or "Other" includes certain foreign currency transaction gains and losses, environmental costs associated with sites no longer in operation, other costs not directly associated with an operating segment, gains or losses on early retirement of debt, holding gains or losses on equity securities and pension settlement expense. Earnings in "Other" decreased in the second quarter of 2026 primarily due to a consolidating tax adjustment.

# Capital Resources and Liquidity

## Financial Indicators

| | Millions of Dollars | |
|---|---|---|
| | **June 30 2026** | December 31 2025 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | **$ 6,574** | 6,497 |
| Short-term investments | **1,118** | 484 |
| Short-term debt | **462** | 1,020 |
| Total debt | **23,290** | 23,444 |
| Total equity | **65,349** | 64,487 |
| Percent of total debt to capital* | **26 %** | 27 |
| Percent of floating-rate debt to total debt | **1 %** | 1 |

**Capital includes total debt and total equity.*

To meet our short-term and long-term liquidity requirements, we look to a variety of funding sources, including cash generated from operating activities, our commercial paper and credit facility programs and our ability to sell securities using our shelf registration statement. During the first six months of 2026, the primary uses of our available cash were $6.0 billion to support our ongoing capital expenditures and investments program, $3.0 billion to repurchase common stock, $2.1 billion to pay the ordinary dividend and $0.7 billion of net purchases of investments.

At June 30, 2026, we had total liquidity of $13.2 billion, comprised of cash and cash equivalents of $6.6 billion, short-term investments of $1.1 billion and available borrowing capacity under our credit facility of $5.5 billion. In addition, we have $1.2 billion of long-term investments in debt securities. We believe current cash balances and cash generated by operating activities, together with access to external sources of funds as described below in the "Significant Changes in Capital" section, will be sufficient to meet our funding requirements in the near- and long-term, including our capital spending program, capital return program and required debt payments.

## Significant Changes in Capital

Operating Activities

Cash provided by operating activities totaled $11.7 billion for the first six months of 2026 compared with $9.6 billion for the corresponding period of 2025. The increase resulted from higher commodity prices, partly offset by working capital timing.

Our short-term and long-term operating cash flows are highly dependent on the prices for crude oil, bitumen, natural gas, LNG and NGLs. Prices and margins in our industry have historically been volatile, driven by market conditions beyond our control. Absent other mitigating factors, as these prices and margins fluctuate, we would expect a corresponding change in our operating cash flows.

The level of absolute production volumes, as well as the product and location mix, is another significant factor impacting our cash flows. Future production is subject to numerous uncertainties, including, among others, the volatile crude oil and natural gas price environment, which may impact investment decisions; the effects of price changes on production sharing and variable-royalty contracts; acquisition and disposition of fields; field production decline rates; new technologies; operating efficiencies; timing of startups and major turnarounds; political instability; government regulations; weather-related disruptions; and the addition of proved reserves through exploratory success and their timely and cost-effective development. While we actively monitor and manage these factors, changes in production levels can cause variability in cash flows, although we generally experience less variability in our cash flows due to changes in production levels than due to changes in commodity prices.

To maintain or grow our production volumes, we must continue adding to our proved reserve base. See the *"Capital Expenditures and Investments"* section.

Investing Activities

For the first six months of 2026, we invested $6.0 billion in capital expenditures and investments. See the *"Capital Expenditures and Investments"* section.

Proceeds from asset sales were $0.2 billion in the first six months of 2026. In the first six months of 2025, proceeds from asset sales were $1.3 billion, primarily from the sale of assets in our Lower 48 segment.

In the second quarter of 2026, we entered into agreements to sell our interests in certain noncore assets in the Lower 48 segment for approximately $1.7 billion, subject to customary closing adjustments. These transactions closed in the third quarter of 2026. *See Note 3.*

In July 2026, we entered into an agreement with a wholly owned subsidiary of bp to acquire a 42 percent direct equity holding in a non-operated joint venture, supporting the ongoing redevelopment of four large-scale, currently producing oil fields in the Kirkuk area of northern Iraq. The cash outflow at close is expected to be $0.3 billion to $0.5 billion, including reimbursement of our proportionate share of bp's project costs incurred from the effective date of the agreement through close. In addition, deferred payments of $0.2 billion will be paid no later than three years from the date of close. This transaction is expected to close by the end of 2026, subject to regulatory approvals and other customary closing conditions, with an effective date of July 1, 2026. *See Note 3.*

We invest in short-term and long-term investments as part of our cash investment strategy, the primary objective of which is to protect principal, maintain liquidity and provide yield and total returns. These investments include time deposits, commercial paper, as well as debt securities classified as available for sale. Short-term funds needed to support our operating plan and provide resiliency to react to short-term price volatility are invested in highly liquid instruments with maturities of less than one year. Funds we consider available to maintain resiliency in longer-term price downturns and to capture opportunities outside a given operating plan may be invested in instruments with maturities of greater than one year. *See Note 9.*

Investing activities in the first six months of 2026 included net purchases of $652 million of investments. We had net purchases of $365 million of short-term investments and net purchases of $287 million of long-term investments. *See Note 13.*

Financing Activities

In the first quarter of 2026, the company retired $67 million principal amount of our 6.875% Notes at maturity.

On July 1, 2026, we completed a $600 million remarketing of sub-series 2017D bonds that are part of the $1 billion St. John the Baptist Parish, State of Louisiana —Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2017. The bonds are subject to an interest rate of 3.0% and a mandatory tender date of July 2, 2029. Subsequent to the mandatory tender date, we will also have the right to remarket these bonds at any time up to the 2037 maturity date. *See Note 5.*

We have a revolving credit facility totaling $5.5 billion with a maturity date of February 2030. The credit facility may be used for direct bank borrowings, the issuance of letters of credit totaling up to $500 million or as support for our commercial paper program. With no commercial paper outstanding and no direct borrowings or letters of credit, we had access to $5.5 billion in available borrowing capacity under our revolving credit facility at June 30, 2026.

Our debt balance at June 30, 2026, was $23.3 billion compared with $23.4 billion at December 31, 2025. The current portion of debt, including future payments for finance leases, is $0.5 billion at June 30, 2026. Debt payments are expected to be made using current cash balances and cash provided by operating activities.

Moody's affirmed our long-term debt credit ratings in April 2026. The current long-term debt credit ratings are:

- Fitch: "A" with a "stable" outlook
- S&P: "A-" with a "stable" outlook
- Moody's: "A2" with a "stable" outlook

*See Note 5* for additional information on debt.

Certain of our project-related contracts, commercial contracts and derivative instruments contain provisions requiring us to post collateral. Many of these contracts and instruments permit us to post either cash or letters of credit as collateral. At June 30, 2026, and December 31, 2025, we had direct bank letters of credit of $295 million and $331 million, respectively, which secured performance obligations related to various purchase commitments incident to the ordinary conduct of business. In the event of a credit rating downgrade, we may be required to post additional letters of credit.

Shelf Registration

We have a universal shelf registration statement on file with the SEC under which we have the ability to issue and sell an indeterminate number of various types of debt and equity securities.

## Capital Requirements

For information about our capital expenditures and investments, see the *"Capital Expenditures and Investments"* section.

We believe in delivering value to our shareholders through our return of capital framework. The framework is structured to deliver a compelling, growing ordinary dividend and through-cycle share repurchases. We anticipate returning greater than 30 percent of cash from operating activities through cycles.

In the first six months of 2026, we paid ordinary dividends of $1.68 per share, and in the first six months of 2025, we paid ordinary dividends of $1.56 per share. In August 2026, we declared an ordinary dividend of $0.84 per share, payable September 1, 2026, to shareholders of record on August 17, 2026.

In late 2016, we initiated our current share repurchase program. In October 2024, our Board of Directors approved an increase from our previous authorization of $45 billion by a total of the lesser of $20 billion or the number of shares issued in our acquisition of Marathon Oil, such that the company is not to exceed $65 billion in aggregate repurchases. Share repurchases are made at management's discretion, at prevailing prices, subject to market conditions and other factors. As of June 30, 2026, share repurchases since the inception of our current program totaled 512.4 million shares and $42.3 billion. In the six months ended June 30, 2026, we repurchased 26.3 million shares for a cost of $3.0 billion.

In 2026, we increased future contractual purchase obligations related to long-term LNG offtake contracts and vessels, as well as certain other capacity obligations, by approximately $7 billion.

## Capital Expenditures and Investments

| | Millions of Dollars | |
|---|---|---|
| | Six Months Ended June 30 | |
| | **2026** | 2025 |
| Alaska | **$ 1,861** | 2,032 |
| Lower 48 | **3,145** | 3,518 |
| Canada | **210** | 309 |
| Europe, Middle East and North Africa | **514** | 630 |
| Asia Pacific | **173** | 118 |
| Segment Totals | **5,903** | 6,607 |
| Corporate and Other | **69** | 57 |
| Capital expenditures and investments | **$ 5,972** | 6,664 |

During the first six months of 2026, capital expenditures and investments supported key operating activities and acquisitions, primarily:

- Appraisal and development activities in Alaska related to the Western North Slope, inclusive of Willow, development activities in the Greater Kuparuk Area and exploration in the NPR-A.
- Development activities in the Lower 48, primarily in the Delaware Basin, Eagle Ford, Midland Basin and Bakken.
- Appraisal and development activities in the Montney and development and optimization of Surmont in Canada.
- Development activities across assets in Norway and Libya.
- Continued development activities in China.
- Investments in our global LNG operations.

Our 2026 operating plan capital expenditure guidance is currently expected to be approximately $12 to $12.5 billion. Our capital expenditures and investments were $12.6 billion in 2025.

## Guarantor Summarized Financial Information

We have various cross guarantees among our Obligor Group: ConocoPhillips, ConocoPhillips Company and Burlington Resources LLC, with respect to publicly held debt securities. ConocoPhillips Company is 100 percent owned by ConocoPhillips. Burlington Resources LLC is 100 percent owned by ConocoPhillips Company. ConocoPhillips and/or ConocoPhillips Company have fully and unconditionally guaranteed the payment obligations of Burlington Resources LLC, with respect to its publicly held debt securities. Similarly, ConocoPhillips has fully and unconditionally guaranteed the payment obligations of ConocoPhillips Company with respect to its publicly held debt securities. In addition, ConocoPhillips Company has fully and unconditionally guaranteed the payment obligations of ConocoPhillips with respect to its publicly held debt securities. All guarantees are joint and several.

The following tables present summarized financial information for the Obligor Group, as defined below:

- The Obligor Group will reflect guarantors and issuers of guaranteed securities consisting of ConocoPhillips, ConocoPhillips Company and Burlington Resources LLC.
- Consolidating adjustments for elimination of investments in and transactions between the collective guarantors and issuers of guaranteed securities are reflected in the balances of the summarized financial information.
- Non-Obligated Subsidiaries are excluded from the presentation.

Transactions and balances reflecting activity between the Obligors and Non-Obligated Subsidiaries are presented below:

**Summarized Income Statement Data**

| | Millions of Dollars |
|---|---|
| | Six Months Ended June 30, 2026 |
| Revenues and Other Income | **$ 25,544** |
| Income (loss) before income taxes* | **6,030** |
| Net income (loss) | **6,114** |

**Includes approximately $8.8 billion of expense for transactions with Non-Obligated Subsidiaries.*

**Summarized Balance Sheet Data**

| | Millions of Dollars | |
|---|---|---|
| | **June 30 2026** | December 31 2025 |
| Current Assets | **$ 8,723** | 8,206 |
| *Amounts due from Non-Obligated Subsidiaries, current* | ***1,495*** | *855* |
| Noncurrent Assets | **137,283** | 130,320 |
| *Amounts due from Non-Obligated Subsidiaries, noncurrent* | ***13,007*** | *11,231* |
| Current Liabilities | **5,250** | 4,947 |
| *Amounts due to Non-Obligated Subsidiaries, current* | ***1,362*** | *1,244* |
| Noncurrent Liabilities | **81,140** | 74,824 |
| *Amounts due to Non-Obligated Subsidiaries, noncurrent* | ***58,915*** | *52,813* |

## Contingencies

We are subject to legal proceedings, claims and liabilities that arise in the ordinary course of business, including environmental obligations and climate-related risks. *See Note 8*. For more discussion, please see the "Contingencies" section in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of our 2025 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## Cautionary Statement for the Purposes of the "Safe Harbor" Provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995

This report includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. All statements other than statements of historical fact included or incorporated by reference in this report, including, without limitation, statements regarding our future financial position, business strategy, budgets, projected revenues, costs and plans, objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements. Examples of forward-looking statements contained in this report include our expected production growth and outlook on the business environment generally, our expected capital budget and capital expenditures and discussions concerning development or replacement of reserves and future dividends. You can often identify our forward-looking statements by the words *"ambition," "anticipate," "believe," "budget," "continue," "could," "effort," "estimate," "expect," "forecast," "goal," "guidance," "intend," "may," "objective," "outlook," "plan," "potential," "predict," "projection," "seek," "should," "target," "will," "would"* and similar expressions.

We based our forward-looking statements on our current expectations, estimates and projections about ourselves and the industries in which we operate in general. We caution you these statements are not guarantees of future performance as they involve assumptions that, while made in good faith, may prove to be incorrect or inaccurate, and involve risks and uncertainties we cannot predict. Accordingly, our actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what we have expressed or forecast in the forward-looking statements. Any differences could result from a variety of factors and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, the following:

- Effects of volatile commodity prices, including prolonged periods of low commodity prices, which may adversely impact our operating results and our ability to execute on our strategy and could result in recognition of impairment charges on our long-lived assets, leaseholds and nonconsolidated equity investments.
- Global and regional changes in the demand, supply, prices, differentials or other market conditions affecting oil and gas, including changes as a result of any ongoing military conflict and the global response to such conflict; geopolitical tensions; security threats on facilities and infrastructure; global health crises; the imposition or lifting of crude oil production quotas or other actions that might be imposed by OPEC and other producing countries; or the resulting company or third-party actions in response to such changes.
- The potential for insufficient liquidity or other factors, such as those described herein, that could impact our ability to repurchase shares and declare and pay dividends.
- Potential failures or delays in achieving expected reserve or production levels from existing and future oil and gas developments, including due to operating hazards, drilling risks and the inherent uncertainties in predicting reserves and reservoir performance.
- Reductions in our reserve replacement rates, whether as a result of significant declines in commodity prices or otherwise.
- Unsuccessful exploratory drilling activities or the inability to obtain access to exploratory acreage.
- Failure to progress or complete announced and future development plans related to constructing, modifying or operating E&P and LNG facilities, or unexpected changes in costs, inflationary pressures or technical equipment related to such plans.
- Significant operational or investment changes imposed by legislative and regulatory initiatives and international agreements addressing environmental concerns, including initiatives addressing the impact of global climate change, such as limiting or reducing GHG emissions; regulations concerning hydraulic fracturing, methane emissions, flaring or water disposal; and prohibitions on commodity exports.
- Broader societal attention to and efforts to address climate change may cause substantial investment in and increased adoption of competing or alternative energy sources.
- Risks, uncertainties and high costs that may prevent us from successfully executing on our Climate-related Risk Strategy.
- Lack or inadequacy of, or disruptions in, reliable transportation for our crude oil, bitumen, natural gas, LNG and NGLs.
- Inability to timely obtain or maintain permits, including those necessary for construction, drilling and/or development, or inability to make capital expenditures required to maintain compliance with any necessary permits or applicable laws or regulations.
- Potential disruption or interruption of our operations and any resulting consequences due to accidents; extraordinary weather events; supply chain disruptions; civil unrest; political events; war; terrorism; cybersecurity threats or information technology failures, constraints or disruptions.

- Liability for remedial actions, including removal and reclamation obligations, under existing or future environmental regulations and litigation.
- Liability resulting from pending or future litigation or our failure to comply with applicable laws and regulations.
- General domestic and international economic, political and diplomatic developments, including deterioration of international trade relationships; the imposition of trade restrictions or tariffs relating to commodities and material or products (such as aluminum and steel) used in the operation of our business; expropriation of assets; changes in governmental policies relating to commodity pricing, including the imposition of price caps; sanctions; or other adverse regulations or taxation policies.
- Competition and consolidation in the oil and gas E&P industry, including competition for sources of supply, services, personnel and equipment.
- Any limitations on our access to capital or increase in our cost of capital or insurance, including as a result of illiquidity, changes or uncertainty in domestic or international financial markets, foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations or investment sentiment.
- Challenges or delays to our execution of, or successful implementation of any future asset dispositions or acquisitions we elect to pursue; potential disruption of our operations, including the diversion of management time and attention; our inability to realize anticipated cost savings or capital expenditure reductions; difficulties integrating acquired businesses and technologies; or other unanticipated changes.
- Our inability to deploy the net proceeds from any asset dispositions that are pending or that we elect to undertake in the future in the manner and timeframe we anticipate, if at all.
- The operation, financing and management of risks of our joint ventures.
- The ability of our customers and other contractual counterparties to satisfy their obligations to us, including our ability to collect payments when due from the government of Venezuela or Petróleos de Venezuela, S.A.
- Uncertainty as to the long-term value of our common stock.
- The factors generally described in *Part I—Item 1A* in our 2025 Annual Report on Form 10-K and any additional risks described in our other filings with the SEC.

## Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Information about market risks for the six months ended June 30, 2026 does not differ materially from that discussed under Item 7A in our 2025 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## Item 4. Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures designed to ensure information required to be disclosed in reports we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Act), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. At June 30, 2026, with the participation of our management, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) and our Chief Financial Officer and Executive Vice President, Strategy and Commercial (principal financial officer) carried out an evaluation, pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) of the Act, of ConocoPhillips' disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Act). Based upon that evaluation, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer and Executive Vice President, Strategy and Commercial concluded our disclosure controls and procedures were operating effectively at June 30, 2026.

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Act, in the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

# PART II. Other Information

## Item 1. Legal Proceedings

ConocoPhillips has elected to use a $1 million threshold for disclosing certain proceedings arising under federal, state or local environmental laws when a governmental authority is a party. ConocoPhillips believes proceedings under this threshold are not material to ConocoPhillips' business and financial condition. Applying this threshold, there are no such proceedings to disclose for the quarter ended June 30, 2026. *See Note 8* for information regarding other legal and administrative proceedings.

## Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in Item 1A of our 2025 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

**Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

| | | | | Millions of Dollars |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Period | Total Number of Shares Purchased* | Average Price Paid per Share | Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs | Approximate Dollar Value of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs |
| April 1 - 30, 2026 | 2,803,098 | $ 123.61 | 2,803,098 | $ 24,357 |
| May 1 - 31, 2026 | 6,543,505 | 119.35 | 6,543,505 | 23,576 |
| June 1 - 30, 2026 | 7,700,334 | 113.31 | 7,700,334 | 22,704 |
| | 17,046,937 | | 17,046,937 | |

**There were no repurchases of common stock from company employees in connection with the company's broad-based employee incentive plans.*

In late 2016, we initiated our current share repurchase program. In October 2024, our Board of Directors approved an increase from our previous authorization of $45 billion by a total of the lesser of $20 billion or the number of shares issued in our acquisition of Marathon Oil, such that the company is not to exceed $65 billion in aggregate repurchases. As of June 30, 2026, we had repurchased $42.3 billion of common stock since 2016. Repurchases are made at management's discretion, at prevailing prices, subject to market conditions and other factors. Except as limited by applicable legal requirements, repurchases may be increased, decreased or discontinued at any time without prior notice. Shares of stock repurchased under the plan are held as treasury shares. *See Part I—Item 1A—Risk Factors – "Our ability to execute our capital return program is subject to certain considerations"* in our 2025 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## Item 5. Other Information

**Insider Trading Arrangements**

During the three-month period ended June 30, 2026, no officer or director of the company adopted or terminated any Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement or non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement.

## Item 6. Exhibits

| | |
|---|---|
| 22 | Subsidiary Guarantors of Guaranteed Securities (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 22 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of ConocoPhillips filed on April 30, 2026). |
| 31.1* | Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. |
| 31.2* | Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. |
| 32** | Certifications pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350. |
| 101.INS* | Inline XBRL Instance Document. |
| 101.SCH* | Inline XBRL Schema Document. |
| 101.CAL* | Inline XBRL Calculation Linkbase Document. |
| 101.LAB* | Inline XBRL Labels Linkbase Document. |
| 101.PRE* | Inline XBRL Presentation Linkbase Document. |
| 101.DEF* | Inline XBRL Definition Linkbase Document. |
| 104* | Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101). |

** Filed herewith.*
***Furnished herewith.*

## Signature

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

**CONOCOPHILLIPS**

*/s/ Kontessa Haynes-Welsh*

Kontessa Haynes-Welsh

Vice President, Finance and Controller

August 6, 2026