UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended March 29, 2025

or

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from_____ to _____

Commission file number 1-10435

STURM, RUGER & COMPANY, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	06-0633559
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. employer identification no.)
One Lacey Place, Southport, Connecticut	06890
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip code)

(203) 259-7843
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, $1 par value	RGR	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company", and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. Large accelerated filer ☒ Accelerated filer ☐ Non-accelerated filer ☐ Smaller reporting company ☐ Emerging growth company ☐

☐ If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

The number of shares outstanding of the issuer's common stock as of April 3, 2025: 16,554,962

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION
ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

STURM, RUGER & COMPANY, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)
(Dollars in thousands)

	March 29, 2025	December 31, 2024 (Note)
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash	$ 16,180	$ 10,028
Short-term investments	92,161	95,453
Trade receivables, net	67,488	67,145
Gross inventories (Note 4)	144,741	149,417
Less LIFO reserve	(67,462)	(66,398)
Less excess and obsolescence reserve	(6,573)	(6,533)
Net inventories	70,706	76,486
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	6,900	9,245
Total Current Assets	253,435	258,357
Property, plant and equipment	478,596	477,622
Less allowances for depreciation	(411,557)	(406,373)
Net property, plant and equipment	67,039	71,249
Deferred income taxes	18,257	16,681
Other assets	40,272	37,747
Total Assets	$ 379,003	$ 384,034

Note:

The Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2024 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date but does not include all the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements.

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

STURM, RUGER & COMPANY, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	March 29, 2025	December 31, 2024 (Note)
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current Liabilities		
Trade accounts payable and accrued expenses	$ 34,006	$ 35,750

Contract liabilities with customers (Note 3)	789	—
Product liability	373	431
Employee compensation and benefits	14,402	18,824
Workers' compensation	5,231	5,804
Total Current Liabilities	54,801	60,809
Employee compensation	1,088	1,835
Product liability accrual	61	61
Lease liabilities (Note 5)	1,572	1,747
Contingent liabilities (Note 13)	—	—
Stockholders' Equity		
Common Stock, non-voting, par value $1:		
Authorized shares 50,000; none issued	—	—
Common Stock, par value $1:		
Authorized shares – 40,000,000		
2025 – 24,473,499 issued,		
16,580,839 outstanding		
2024 – 24,467,983 issued,		
16,654,523 outstanding	24,473	24,468
Additional paid-in capital	51,499	50,536
Retained earnings	440,531	436,609
Less: Treasury stock – at cost		
2025 – 7,892,660 shares		
2024 – 7,813,460 shares	(195,022)	(192,031)
Total Stockholders' Equity	321,481	319,582
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	$ 379,003	$ 384,034

Note:

The Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2024 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date but does not include all the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements.

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

STURM, RUGER & COMPANY, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 29, 2025	March 30, 2024
Net firearms sales	$ 135,195	$ 136,008
Net castings sales	543	812
Total net sales	135,738	136,820
Cost of products sold	105,843	107,417
Gross profit	29,895	29,403
Operating expenses:		
Selling	9,413	9,706
General and administrative	12,010	12,166
Total operating expenses	21,423	21,872
Operating income	8,472	7,531
Other income:		
Interest income	1,038	1,355
Interest expense	(16)	(17)
Other income, net	253	178
Total other income, net	1,275	1,516
Income before income taxes	9,747	9,047
Income taxes	1,979	1,963
Net income and comprehensive income	$ 7,768	$ 7,084
Basic earnings per share	$ 0.47	$ 0.41
Diluted earnings per share	$ 0.46	$ 0.40

Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - Basic	16,623,214	17,434,178
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - Diluted	16,850,956	17,640,268
Cash dividends per share	$ 0.24	$ 0.23

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

STURM, RUGER & COMPANY, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)
(Dollars in thousands)

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Total
Balance at December 31, 2024	$ 24,468	$ 50,536	$ 436,609	$ (192,031)	$ 319,582
Net income and comprehensive income			7,768		7,768
Common stock issued – compensation plans	5	(5)			—
Vesting of RSUs		(178)			(178)
Dividends paid			(3,992)		(3,992)
Unpaid dividends accrued			146		146
Recognition of stock-based compensation expense		1,146			1,146
Repurchase of 79,200 shares of common stock				(2,991)	(2,991)
Balance at March 29, 2025	$ 24,473	$ 51,499	$ 440,531	$ (195,022)	$ 321,481

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Total
Balance at December 31, 2023	$ 24,437	$ 46,849	$ 418,058	$ (157,623)	$ 331,721
Net income and comprehensive income			7,084		7,084
Common stock issued – compensation plans	18	(18)			—
Vesting of RSUs		(624)			(624)
Dividends paid			(4,080)		(4,080)
Unpaid dividends accrued			(8)		(8)
Recognition of stock-based compensation expense		1,082			1,082
Repurchase of 75,024 shares of common stock				(3,219)	(3,219)
Balance at March 30, 2024	$ 24,455	$ 47,289	$ 421,054	$ (160,842)	$ 331,956

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

STURM, RUGER & COMPANY, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)
(Dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 29, 2025	March 30, 2024
Operating Activities		
Net income	$ 7,768	$ 7,084
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	5,571	5,833
Stock-based compensation	1,146	1,082
Excess and obsolescence inventory reserve	40	—

Deferred income taxes	(1,576)	(3,116)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Trade receivables	(343)	(5,951)
Inventories	5,740	11,314
Trade accounts payable and accrued expenses	(2,281)	(2,057)
Contract liabilities with customers	789	(119)
Employee compensation and benefits	(5,023)	(11,480)
Product liability	(58)	(311)
Prepaid expenses, other assets and other liabilities	(628)	5,066
Cash provided by operating activities	11,145	7,345
Investing Activities		
Property, plant and equipment additions	(1,124)	(1,788)
Purchases of short-term investments	(36,288)	(39,488)
Proceeds from maturities of short-term investments	39,580	42,487
Cash provided by investing activities	2,168	1,211
Financing Activities		
Remittance of taxes withheld from employees related to share-based compensation	(178)	(624)
Repurchase of common stock	(2,991)	(3,219)
Dividends paid	(3,992)	(4,080)
Cash used for financing activities	(7,161)	(7,923)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	6,152	633
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	10,028	15,174
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	$ 16,180	$ 15,807

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

STURM, RUGER & COMPANY, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
(Dollars in thousands, except per share)

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for a fair presentation of the results of the interim periods. Operating results for the three months ended March 29, 2025 may not be indicative of the results to be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2025. These financial statements have been prepared on a basis that is substantially consistent with the accounting principles applied in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024.

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization:

Sturm, Ruger & Company, Inc. (the "Company") is principally engaged in the design, manufacture, and sale of firearms to domestic customers. Approximately 99% of sales are from firearms. Export sales accounted for approximately 5% of total sales for each of the three month periods ended March 29, 2025 and March 30, 2024. The Company's design and manufacturing operations are located in the United States and almost all product content is domestic. The Company's firearms are sold through a select number of independent wholesale distributors, principally to the commercial sporting market.

The Company also manufactures investment castings made from steel alloys and metal injection molding ("MIM") parts for internal use in its firearms and for sale to unaffiliated, third-party customers. Approximately 1% of sales are from the castings segment.

Principles of Consolidation:

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Revenue Recognition:

The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with the provisions of Accounting Standards Codification Topic 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ("ASC 606"). Substantially all product sales are sold FOB (free on board) shipping point. Customary payment terms are 2% 30 days, net 40 days. Generally, all performance obligations are satisfied when product is shipped and the customer takes ownership and assumes the risk of loss. In some instances, sales include multiple performance obligations. The most common of these instances relates to sales promotion programs under which downstream customers are entitled to receive no charge products based on their purchases of certain of the Company's products from the independent distributors. The fulfillment of these no charge products is the Company's responsibility. In such instances, the Company allocates the revenue of the promotional sales based on the estimated level of participation in the sales promotional program and the timing of the shipment of all of the firearms included in the promotional program, including the no charge

firearms. Revenue is recognized proportionally as each performance obligation is satisfied, based on the relative customary price of each product. Customary prices are generally determined based on the prices charged to the independent distributors. The net change in contract liabilities for a given period is reported as an increase or decrease to sales.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments:

The carrying amounts of financial instruments, including cash, short-term investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, approximate fair value due to the short-term maturity of these items.

The Company's short-term investments consist of United States Treasury instruments, which mature within one year, and investments in a bank-managed money market fund that invests exclusively in United States Treasury obligations and is valued at the net asset value ("NAV") daily closing price, as reported by the fund, based on the amortized cost of the fund's securities. The NAV is used as a practical expedient to estimate fair value. This practical expedient is not used when it is determined to be probable that the fund will sell the investment for an amount different than the reported NAV.

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements:

In March 2024, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") issued the final rule under SEC Release No. 33-11275 and 34-99678, The Enhancement and Standardization of Climate-Related Disclosures for Investors, requiring public companies to provide certain climate-related information in their registration statements and annual reports. The final rules will require information about a company's climate-related risks that have materially impacted or are reasonably likely to have a material impact on its business strategy, results of operations, or financial condition, and the actual and potential material impacts of any identified climate-related risks on the company's strategy, business model and outlook, as well as relating to assessment, management, oversight and mitigation of such material risks, material climate-related targets and goals, and material greenhouse gas emissions. Additionally, certain disclosures related to severe weather events and other natural conditions will be required in the audited financial statements. The first phase of the final rule is effective for fiscal years beginning in 2025. Disclosure for prior periods is only required if it was previously disclosed in an SEC filing. On April 4, 2024, the SEC voluntarily stayed implementation of the final rule to facilitate the orderly judicial resolution of pending legal challenges to the rule. On March 27, 2025, the SEC voted to end its defense of these rules, and sent a letter to the court before which the rules are being challenged withdrawing its defense of the rules and stating that SEC counsel is no longer authorized to advance the arguments made in the brief that the SEC had filed. We are currently evaluating the impact on our disclosures of adopting this new pronouncement.

In December of 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2023-09, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures." The updated accounting guidance requires expanded income tax disclosures, including the disaggregation of existing disclosures related to the effective tax rate reconciliation and income taxes paid. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. Prospective application is required, with retrospective application permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the effect the updated guidance will have on its financial statement disclosures.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, "Income Statement – Reporting Comprehensive Income – Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses ("ASU 2024-03")." This guidance requires the disaggregation of certain expense captions into specified categories in disclosures within the notes to the financial statements to provide enhanced transparency into the expense captions presented on the statement of earnings. It is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2026, and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2027, with early adoption permitted. Adoption may be applied either prospectively to financial statements issued for reporting periods after the effective date of ASU 2024-03 or retrospectively to any or all prior periods presented in the financial statements. The Company is evaluating the impact of this guidance on the Company's related disclosures.

NOTE 3 - REVENUE RECOGNITION AND CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

The impact of ASC 606 on revenue recognized during the three months ended March 29, 2025 and March 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Three Months Ended	
	March 29, 2025	March 30, 2024
Contract liabilities with customers at beginning of period	$ —	$ 149
Revenue deferred	789	—
Revenue recognized	—	(119)
Contract liabilities with customers at end of period	$ 789	$ 30

As more fully described in the Revenue Recognition section of Note 2, the deferral of revenue and subsequent recognition thereof relates to certain of the Company's sales promotion programs that include the future shipment of free products. The Company expects the remaining deferred revenue from the contract liabilities with customers to be recognized in the second quarter of 2025.

Practical Expedients and Exemptions

The Company has elected to account for shipping and handling activities that occur after control of the related product transfers to the customer as fulfillment activities that are recognized upon shipment of the goods.

NOTE 4 - INVENTORIES

Inventories are valued using the last-in, first-out (LIFO) method. An actual valuation of inventory under the LIFO method can be made only at the end of each year based on the inventory levels and costs existing at that time. Accordingly, interim LIFO calculations must necessarily be based on management's estimates of expected year-end inventory levels and costs. Because these are subject to many factors beyond management's control, interim results are subject to the final year-end LIFO inventory valuation.

Inventories consist of the following:

	March 29, 2025	December 31, 2024
Inventory at FIFO		
Finished products	$ 18,808	$ 26,022
Materials and work in process	125,933	123,395
Gross inventories	144,741	149,417
Less: LIFO reserve	(67,462)	(66,398)
Less: excess and obsolescence reserve	(6,573)	(6,533)
Net inventories	$ 70,706	$ 76,486

NOTE 5 - LEASED ASSETS

The Company leases certain of its real estate and equipment. The Company has evaluated all its leases and determined that all are operating leases under the definitions of the guidance of ASU 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*. The Company's lease agreements generally do not require material variable lease payments, residual value guarantees or restrictive covenants.

Under the provisions of ASU 2016-02, the Company records right-of-use assets equal to the present value of the contractual liability for future lease payments. The table below presents the right-of-use assets and related lease liabilities recognized on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of March 29, 2025:

	Balance Sheet Line Item	March 29, 2025
Right-of-use assets	Other assets	$ 2,219
Operating lease liabilities		
Current portion	Trade accounts payable and accrued expenses	$ 647
Noncurrent portion	Lease liabilities	1,572
Total operating lease liabilities		$ 2,219

The depreciable lives of right-of-use assets are limited by the lease term and are amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the lease.

The Company's leases generally do not provide an implicit interest rate, and therefore the Company calculates an incremental borrowing rate to determine the present value of its operating lease liabilities.

Certain of the Company's lease agreements contain renewal options at the Company's discretion. The Company does not recognize right-of-use assets or lease liabilities for leases of one year or less or for renewal periods unless it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise the renewal option at the inception of the lease or when a triggering event occurs.

The table below includes cash paid for our operating lease liabilities, other non-cash information, our weighted average remaining lease term and weighted average discount rate:

	Three Months Ended	
	March 29, 2025	March 30, 2024
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities	$ 180	$ 203
Cash amounts paid for short-term leases	$ 81	$ 106
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease liabilities	$ —	$ —
Weighted average remaining lease term (years)	7.4	8.1
Weighted average discount rate	8.0%	8.0%

The following table reconciles the undiscounted future minimum lease payments to the total operating lease liabilities recognized on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of March 29, 2025:

Remainder of 2025	$ 574
2026	771
2027	295
2028	160
2029	160

Thereafter		800
Total undiscounted future minimum lease payments		2,760
Less: Difference between undiscounted lease payments & the present value of future lease payments		(541)
Total operating lease liabilities	$	2,219

NOTE 6 - LINE OF CREDIT

On June 6, 2024, the Company amended its existing $40 million unsecured revolving line of credit agreement with a bank, which now expires January 7, 2028. Borrowings under this new facility bear interest at the applicable Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR), plus 150 basis points, plus an additional adjustment of eight basis points. The Company is also charged one-quarter of a percent (0.25%) per year on the unused portion. At March 29, 2025, the Company was in compliance with the terms and covenants of the credit facility and the line of credit was unused.

NOTE 7 - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Company sponsors a 401(k) plan that covers substantially all employees. The Company matches a certain portion of employee contributions using the safe harbor guidelines contained in the Internal Revenue Code. Expenses related to these matching contributions totaled $1.2 million and $1.2 million for the three months ended March 29, 2025 and March 30, 2024, respectively. The Company plans to contribute approximately $3.0 million to the plan in matching employee contributions during the remainder of 2025.

In addition, the Company provided supplemental discretionary contributions to the 401(k) plan totaling $2.0 million and $2.0 million for the three months ended March 29, 2025 and March 30, 2024, respectively. The Company plans to contribute approximately $4.5 million in supplemental contributions to the plan during the remainder of 2025.

NOTE 8 - INCOME TAXES

The Company's 2025 and 2024 effective tax rates differ from the statutory federal tax rate due principally to the availability of research and development tax credits, state income taxes, and the nondeductibility of certain executive compensation. The Company's effective income tax rate was 20.3% and 21.7% for the three months ended March 29, 2025 and March 30, 2024, respectively.

Income tax payments totaled $2.0 million and $0.1 million for the three month periods ended March 29, 2025 and March 30, 2024, respectively.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state jurisdictions. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal and state income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2021.

The Company does not believe it has included any "uncertain tax positions" in its federal income tax return or any of the state income tax returns it is currently filing. The Company has made an evaluation of the potential impact of additional state taxes being assessed by jurisdictions in which the Company does not currently consider itself liable. The Company does not anticipate that such additional taxes, if any, would result in a material change to its financial position.

NOTE 9 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

Set forth below is a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator for basic and diluted earnings per share calculations for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended	
	March 29, 2025	March 30, 2024
Numerator:		
Net income	$ 7,768	$ 7,084
Denominator:		
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding – Basic	16,623,214	17,434,178
Dilutive effect of options and restricted stock units outstanding under the Company's employee compensation plans	227,742	206,090
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding – Diluted	16,850,956	17,640,268

The dilutive effect of outstanding options and restricted stock units is calculated using the treasury stock method. There were no stock options that were anti-dilutive and therefore not included in the diluted earnings per share calculation.

NOTE 10 - COMPENSATION PLANS

In May 2017, the Company's shareholders approved the 2017 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2017 SIP") under which employees, independent contractors, and non-employee directors may be granted stock options, restricted stock, deferred stock awards, and stock appreciation rights, any of which may or may not require the satisfaction of performance objectives. Vesting requirements are determined by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. The Company reserved 750,000 shares for issuance under the 2017 SIP.

In June 2023, the Company's shareholders approved the 2023 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2023 SIP") under which employees, independent contractors, and non-employee directors may be granted stock options, restricted stock, deferred stock awards, and stock appreciation rights, any of which may or may not require the satisfaction of performance objectives. Vesting requirements are determined by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. The Company reserved

1,000,000 shares for issuance under the 2023 SIP, of which 456,000 shares remain available for future grants as of March 29, 2025. Any shares remaining from the 2017 SIP will be available for future grants under the terms of the 2023 SIP. As of March 29, 2025, approximately 120,000 shares remained unawarded from the 2017 SIP. Since the shareholder approval of the 2023 SIP, no additional awards have been or will be granted under the 2017 SIP. Previously granted and outstanding awards under the 2017 SIP will remain subject to the terms of the 2017 SIP.

Restricted Stock Units

The Company grants performance-based and retention-based restricted stock units to senior employees. The vesting of the performance-based awards is dependent on the achievement of corporate objectives established by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors and a three-year vesting period. The retention-based awards are subject only to a three-year vesting period. Additionally, the Company awarded its new CEO a one-time award of 40,000 RSUs, which shall convert into shares of the Company's Common Stock on a one-to-one basis when vested, a portion of which shall be subject to time-based vesting and a portion of which shall be subject to performance-based vesting. There were 238,226 restricted stock units issued during the three months ended March 29, 2025. Total compensation costs related to these restricted stock units are $9.1 million.

Compensation costs related to all outstanding restricted stock units recognized in the statements of income aggregated $2.1 million and $1.1 million for the three months ended March 29, 2025 and March 30, 2024, respectively.

NOTE 11 - OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company has two reportable segments: firearms and castings. The firearms segment manufactures and sells rifles, pistols, and revolvers principally to a select number of independent wholesale distributors primarily located in the United States. The castings segment manufactures and sells steel investment castings and metal injection molding parts.

Selected operating segment financial information follows:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended	
	March 29, 2025	March 30, 2024
Net Sales		
Firearms	$ 135,195	$ 136,008
Castings		
Unaffiliated	543	812
Intersegment	7,222	8,542
	7,765	9,354
Eliminations	(7,222)	(8,542)
	$ 135,738	$ 136,820
Costs of Goods Sold		
Firearms	$ 105,254	$ 106,469
Castings		
Unaffiliated	589	948
Intersegment	7,222	8,542
	7,811	9,490
Eliminations	(7,222)	(8,542)
	$ 105,843	$ 107,417
Gross Profit (Loss)		
Firearms	$ 29,941	$ 29,539
Castings	(46)	(136)
	$ 29,895	$ 29,403
Operating Income (Loss)		
Firearms	$ 8,655	$ 7,852
Castings	(183)	(321)
	$ 8,472	$ 7,531
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes		
Firearms	$ 8,758	$ 8,016
Castings	(145)	(321)
Corporate	1,134	1,352
	$ 9,747	$ 9,047

	Three Months Ended	
	March 29, 2025	March 30, 2024
Depreciation		
Firearms	$ 4,988	$ 5,112
Castings	347	455
	$ 5,335	$ 5,567
Capital Expenditures		
Firearms	$ 1,034	$ 1,635
Castings	90	153
	$ 1,124	$ 1,788

	March 29, 2025	December 31, 2024
Identifiable Assets		
Firearms	$ 223,645	$ 230,024
Castings	8,950	9,303

Corporate		146,408		144,707
	$	379,003	$	384,034
Goodwill				
Firearms	$	3,055	$	3,055
Castings		209		209
	$	3,264	$	3,264

NOTE 12 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company contracts with the National Rifle Association ("NRA") for some of its promotional and advertising activities. Payments made to the NRA in the three months ended March 29, 2025 and March 30, 2024 totaled $0.3 million and $0.2 million, respectively. One of the Company's Directors also serves as a Director on the Board of the NRA.

The Company is a member of the National Shooting Sports Foundation ("NSSF"), the firearm industry trade association. Payments made to the NSSF in the three months ended March 29, 2025 and March 30, 2024 totaled $0.1 million and $0.2 million, respectively. One of the Company's Directors also serves on the Board of the NSSF.

NOTE 13 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As of March 29, 2025, the Company was a defendant in eight (8) lawsuits and is aware of certain other claims. The lawsuits generally fall into four (4) categories: municipal litigation, breach of contract, unfair trade practices, and trademark litigation. Each is discussed in turn below.

Municipal Litigation

Municipal litigation generally includes those cases brought by cities or other governmental entities against firearms manufacturers, distributors and retailers seeking to recover damages allegedly arising out of the misuse of firearms by third parties. There are four lawsuits of this type: the *City of Gary*, filed in Indiana State Court in 1999; *Estados Unidos Mexicanos v. Smith & Wesson, et al.*, filed in the U.S. District Court for the District of Massachusetts in August 2021; *The City of Buffalo*, filed in the Supreme Court of the State of New York for Erie County on December 20, 2022; and *The City of Rochester*, filed in the Supreme Court for the State of New York for Monroe County on December 21, 2022, each of which is described in more detail below.

The *City of Gary* seeks damages, among other things, for the costs of medical care, police and emergency services, public health services, and other services as well as punitive damages. In addition, nuisance abatement and/or injunctive relief is sought to change the design, manufacture, marketing and distribution practices of the various Defendants. The Complaint alleges, among other claims, negligence in the design of products, public nuisance, negligent distribution and marketing, negligence per se and deceptive advertising. The case does not allege a specific injury to a specific individual as a result of the misuse or use of any of the Company's products. After a long procedural history, during the quarter ended April 3, 2021, the City initiated discovery and the manufacturer Defendants reciprocated.

On March 15, 2024, Indiana Governor Eric Holcomb signed into law HB 1235, which reserves to the State of Indiana the right to bring an action on behalf of a political subdivision against a firearm or ammunition manufacturer, trade association, seller, or dealer, concerning certain matters. The new law also prohibits a political subdivision from bringing or maintaining such an action. With the passage of this new law, the Company and other Defendants filed a Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings on March 18, 2024. On August 12, 2024, the Court denied Defendants' motion. The Court granted Defendants' subsequent request to certify the Order for appeal. On October 2, 2024, Defendants filed a motion with the Indiana Court of Appeals to accept jurisdiction over the interlocutory appeal, which was granted over Plaintiff's objection on November 1, 2024. On October 16, 2024, the trial court entered an Order staying all proceeding pending the interlocutory appeal. Briefing of the appeal is underway.

Estados Unidos Mexicanos v. Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc., et al. was filed by the Country of Mexico and names seven Defendants, mostly U.S.-based firearms manufacturers, including the Company. The Complaint advances a variety of legal theories including negligence, public nuisance, unjust enrichment, restitution, and others. Plaintiff essentially alleges that Defendants design, manufacture, distribute, market and sell firearms in a way that they know results in the illegal trafficking of firearms into Mexico, where they are used by Mexican drug cartels for criminal activities. Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief and monetary damages.

On November 22, 2021, Defendants filed a motion to dismiss the Complaint, which was granted on September 30, 2022. Plaintiffs appealed to the First Circuit Court of Appeals and, on January 22, 2024, the Court of Appeals reversed the District Court's dismissal and remanded the case for further proceedings. The Defendants sought a Stay of Proceedings Pending Review of a Petition for Writ of Certiorari to the United States Supreme Court. The District Court denied the stay and held that the defendants should request that the First Circuit recall its mandate or petition for a stay from the Supreme Court.

On June 17, 2024, the District Court heard argument on the pending Rule 12(b)(2) motions to dismiss. On August 7, 2024, the Court granted the motions, dismissing Ruger and some of the other Defendants from the case, but did not enter judgement in favor of these Defendants. Because judgment has not entered in favor of Ruger, the 30-day period in which Plaintiff may appeal the Court's August 7, 2024 ruling has not yet begun to run. Subsequently, the Supreme Court granted the Defendants' Petition for Writ of Certiorari. With the dismissal of Ruger and other Defendants on personal jurisdiction grounds, the remaining Defendants will prosecute the appeal before the Supreme Court. Oral argument was held at the Supreme Court on March 4, 2025.

On December 20, 2022, the City of Buffalo, New York filed a lawsuit captioned *The City of Buffalo v. Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc., et al.* in the New York State Supreme Court for Erie County, New York. The suit names a number of firearm manufacturers, distributors, and retailers as Defendants, including the Company, and purports to state causes of action for violations of Sections 898, 349 and 350 of the New York General Business Law, as well as common law public nuisance. Generally, Plaintiff alleges that the criminal misuse of firearms in the City of Buffalo is the result of the manufacturing, sales, marketing, and distribution practices of the Defendants. The Defendants timely removed the matter to the U.S. District Court for the Western District of New York.

On December 21, 2022, the City of Rochester, New York filed a lawsuit captioned *The City of Rochester v. Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc., et al.* in the New York State Supreme Court for Monroe County, New York. The suit names a number of firearm manufacturers, distributors, and retailers as Defendants, including the Company, and purports to state causes of action for violations of Sections 898, 349 and 350 of the New York General Business Law, as well as common law public nuisance. The allegations essentially mirror those in *Buffalo*, discussed in the preceding paragraph. Defendants timely removed the matter to the U.S. District Court for the Western District of New York.

Defendants moved to consolidate the *Buffalo* and *Rochester* cases for pretrial purposes only. Defendants also moved to stay the cases pending a decision by the Second Circuit Court of Appeals in *National Shooting Sports Foundation, Inc. et al. v. James*, which challenges the constitutionality of the recently enacted N.Y. Gen. Bus. Law §§ 898-a–e. On June 8, 2023, the court granted defendants' motions and the cases were consolidated for pretrial purposes and stayed.

Breach of Contract

The Company was named in two purported class action lawsuits arising out of a data breach at Freestyle Solutions, Inc., the vendor who was hosting the Company's ShopRuger.com website at the time of the breach. *Jones v. Sturm, Ruger & Co.,* was filed in the U.S. District Court for Connecticut on October 4, 2022 and *Copeland v. Sturm, Ruger & Company, et al.* was filed in the U.S. District Court for New Jersey on October 27, 2022. *Copeland* also named Freestyle Solutions, Inc. as a Defendant. By agreement of the parties, *Copeland* was dismissed, without prejudice, and consolidated with *Jones* in the pending Connecticut case. On January 20, 2023, five Plaintiffs filed an Amended Complaint naming the Company and Freestyle Solutions, Inc. as Defendants. The Complaint alleges causes of action for negligence, breach of implied warranties, and unjust enrichment.

The Company moved to dismiss the Amended Complaint. On March 27, 2024, the Court dismissed Plaintiffs' negligence and unjust enrichment claims against the Company. The Court denied the motion with respect to Plaintiffs' breach of contract claim, concluding that development of additional information is required to assess the applicability of the limitation of liability clause contained in the Company's terms and conditions of use. The parties have since participated in a mediation and agreed to a settlement in principle. Efforts are underway to obtain Court approval of the settlement.

Unfair Trade Practices

Estate of Suzanne Fountain v. Sturm, Ruger & Co., Inc., was filed in the Connecticut Superior Court in Stamford and arises out of the criminal shootings at the King Soopers supermarket in Boulder, Colorado on March 22, 2021. On that date, plaintiff's decedent, Suzanne Fountain, was murdered by 21-year-old Ahmad Al Aliwi Al-Issa. The Complaint alleges that the Company's advertising and marketing of the Ruger AR-556 pistol violate the Connecticut Unfair Trade Practices Act and were a substantial factor in bringing about the wrongful death of Suzanne Fountain.

Estate of Neven Stanisic et al. v. Sturm, Ruger & Co., Inc., was filed in the Connecticut Superior Court in Stamford on behalf of five plaintiffs. Like *Estate of Suzanne Fountain*, the claims arise from the criminal shooting at the King Soopers supermarket in Boulder, Colorado on March 22, 2021. Plaintiffs' decedents were murdered by Ahmad Al Aliwi Al-Issa and Plaintiffs alleged that the Company's advertising and marketing of the Ruger AR-556 pistol violate the Connecticut Unfair Trade Practices Act and were a substantial factor in causing the wrongful death of plaintiffs' decedents.

The *Fountain* and *Stanisic* cases were consolidated for discovery purposes only and transferred by the court to the Complex Litigation Docket. Plaintiffs then sought leave to file an Amended Complaint, essentially abandoning their negligent marketing allegations and advancing a new theory predicated upon alleged violations of the Gun Control Act and National Firearms Act. Over the Company's objections, Plaintiffs were permitted to file the Amended Complaint.

The matter was timely removed to the U.S. District Court for the District of Connecticut based upon the new allegations and federal question jurisdiction. Plaintiffs moved to remand the case to state court and, following briefing and oral argument, the matter was remanded on April 25, 2024.

On June 12, 2024, Ruger filed Motions to Dismiss the Connecticut state court cases based upon the doctrine of *forum non conveniens*. Following oral argument on September 9, 2024, the Court allowed Plaintiffs limited, additional discovery and requested further briefing on the matter. The motions were briefed fully and, on February 27, 2025, the Court denied the motions.

On March 31, 2025, the Company filed Motions to Strike on a variety of grounds. The motions are being briefed.

Trademark Litigation

On March 12, 2024, the Company was named as a defendant in *FN Herstal, et al. v. Sturm, Ruger & Company, Inc.*, which is pending in the U.S. District Court for the Middle District of North Carolina. The Complaint alleges that the Company's use of the initialism "SFAR" in connection with the marketing of its Small Frame Autoloading Rifle infringes the Plaintiffs' SCAR trademark. The Complaint alleges violations of the Lanham Act and the North Carolina Unfair and Deceptive Trade Practices Act, as well as trademark infringement under North Carolina common law. The Company believes that the allegations are meritless and is defending the action accordingly.

Summary of Claimed Damages and Explanation of Product Liability Accruals

Punitive damages, as well as compensatory damages, are demanded in certain of the lawsuits and claims. In many instances, the plaintiff does not seek a specified amount of money, though aggregate amounts ultimately sought may exceed product liability accruals and applicable insurance coverage.

For product liability claims made between July 10, 2000 and August 31, 2024, insurance coverage was provided on an annual basis for losses exceeding $5 million per claim, or an aggregate maximum loss of $10 million annually, except for certain claims brought by governments or municipalities, which are excluded from coverage. Insurance coverage was not renewed with incumbent carriers effective September 1, 2024. Rather, the Company established a wholly-owned captive insurance company for claims made on or after September 1, 2024.

The Company management monitors the status of known claims and the product liability accrual, which includes amounts for asserted and unasserted claims. While it is not possible to forecast the outcome of litigation or the timing of costs, in the opinion of management, after consultation with special and corporate counsel, it is not probable and is unlikely that litigation, including punitive damage claims, will have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Company, but may have a material impact on the Company's financial results for a particular period.

Product liability claim payments are made when appropriate if, as, and when claimants and the Company reach agreement upon an amount to finally resolve all claims. Legal costs are paid as the lawsuits and claims develop, the timing of which may vary greatly from case to case. A time schedule cannot be determined in advance with any reliability concerning when payments will be made in any given case.

Provision is made for product liability claims based upon many factors related to the severity of the alleged injury and potential liability exposure, based upon prior claim experience. Because the Company's experience in defending these lawsuits and claims is that unfavorable outcomes are typically not probable or estimable, only in rare cases is an accrual established for such costs.

In most cases, an accrual is established only for estimated legal defense costs. Product liability accruals are periodically reviewed to reflect then-current estimates of possible liabilities and expenses incurred to date and reasonably anticipated in the future. Threatened product liability claims are reflected in the Company's product liability accrual on the same basis as actual claims; *i.e.*, an accrual is made for reasonably anticipated possible liability and claims handling expenses on an ongoing basis.

Often, a Complaint does not specify the amount of damages being sought and a range of reasonably possible losses relating to unfavorable outcomes cannot be made. The dollar amount of damages claimed at December 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 was *de minimis*. The amount claimed at December 31, 2021 was $1.1 million and is set forth as an indication of possible maximum liability the Company might be required to incur in these cases (regardless of the likelihood or reasonable probability of any or all of this amount being awarded to claimants) as a result of adverse judgments that are sustained on appeal.

NOTE 14 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On April 25, 2025, the Board of Directors authorized a dividend of 18¢ per share, for shareholders of record as of May 16, 2025, payable on May 30, 2025.

The Company has evaluated events and transactions occurring subsequent to March 29, 2025 and determined that there were no other unreported events or transactions that would have a material impact on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Company Overview

Sturm, Ruger & Company, Inc. (the "Company") is principally engaged in the design, manufacture, and sale of firearms to domestic customers. Approximately 99% of sales are from firearms. Export sales accounted for approximately 5% of total sales for each of the three month periods ended March 29, 2025 and March 30, 2024. The Company's design and manufacturing operations are located in the United States and almost all product content is domestic. The Company's firearms are sold through a select number of independent wholesale distributors, principally to the commercial sporting market.

The Company also manufactures investment castings made from steel alloys and metal injection molding ("MIM") parts for internal use in its firearms and for sale to unaffiliated, third-party customers. Less than 1% of sales are from the castings segment.

Orders for many models of firearms from the independent distributors tend to be stronger in the first quarter of the year and weaker in the third quarter of the year. This is due in part to the timing of the distributor show season, which occurs during the first quarter.

Results of Operations

Demand

The estimated unit sell-through of the Company's products from the independent distributors to retailers decreased 8% in the first quarter of 2025 compared to the prior year period. For the same period, National Instant Criminal Background Check System ("NICS") background checks (as adjusted by the National Shooting Sports Foundation ("NSSF")) decreased 4%. Estimated sell-through from the independent distributors to retailers and total adjusted NICS background checks for the trailing five quarters follow:

	2025	2024			
	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Estimated Units Sold from Distributors to Retailers (1)	364,700	410,500	336,300	327,800	396,700
Total adjusted NICS Background Checks (thousands) (2)	3,817	4,460	3,432	3,364	3,983

(1) The estimates for each period were calculated by taking the beginning inventory at the distributors, plus shipments from the Company to distributors during the period, less the ending inventory at distributors. These estimates are only a proxy for actual market demand as they:

- Rely on data provided by independent distributors that are not verified by the Company,
- Do not consider potential timing issues within the distribution channel, including goods-in-transit, and
- Do not consider fluctuations in inventory at retail.

(2) NICS background checks are performed when the ownership of most firearms, either new or used, is transferred by a Federal Firearms Licensee. NICS background checks are also performed for permit applications, permit renewals, and other administrative reasons.

The adjusted NICS data presented above was derived by the NSSF by subtracting out NICS checks that are not directly related to the sale of a firearm, including checks used for concealed carry ("CCW") permit application checks, as well as checks on active CCW permit databases. The adjusted NICS checks represent less than half of the total NICS checks.

Adjusted NICS data can be impacted by changes in state laws and regulations and any directives and interpretations issued by governmental agencies.

Orders Received and Ending Backlog

The Company uses the estimated unit sell-through of its products from the independent distributors to retailers, along with inventory levels at the independent distributors and at the Company, as the key metrics for planning production levels. The Company generally does not use the orders received or ending backlog for planning production levels.

The units ordered, value of orders received, average sales price of units ordered, and ending backlog for the trailing five quarters are as follows (dollars in millions, except average sales price):

(All amounts shown are net of Federal Excise Tax of 10% for handguns and 11% for long guns.)

	2025	2024			
	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Units Ordered	410,000	374,300	316,900	250,500	472,600
Orders Received	$ 154.0	$ 126.3	$ 109.4	$ 99.5	$ 198.2
Average Sales Price of Units Ordered	$ 376	$ 337	$ 345	$ 397	$ 419
Ending Backlog	$ 275.2	$ 252.9	$ 268.7	$ 272.2	$ 296.2
Average Sales Price of Ending Unit Backlog	$ 552	$ 568	$ 572	$ 567	$ 523

Production

The Company reviews the estimated sell-through from the independent distributors to retailers, as well as inventory levels at the independent distributors and at the Company to plan production levels. The Company's overall production in the first quarter of 2025 increased 2% from the fourth quarter of 2024.

Summary Unit Data

Firearms unit data for the trailing five quarters are as follows (dollar amounts shown are net of Federal Excise Tax of 10% for handguns and 11% for long guns):

	2025	2024			
	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Units Ordered	410,000	374,300	316,900	250,500	472,600
Units Produced	372,000	364,300	330,300	370,400	314,500
Units Shipped	356,700	398,700	327,400	336,300	345,400
Average Sales Price of Units Shipped	$ 379	$ 364	$ 371	$ 386	$ 394
Ending Unit Backlog	498,600	445,300	469,700	480,200	566,000

Inventories

During the first quarter of 2025, the Company's finished goods inventory increased by 15,300 units and distributor inventories of the Company's products decreased by 7,900 units.

Inventory unit data for the trailing five quarters follows:

	2025	2024			
	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Company Inventory	130,500	115,200	149,600	146,700	112,600
Distributor Inventory (1)	187,900	195,800	207,600	216,500	208,000
Total Inventory (2)	318,400	311,000	357,200	363,200	320,600

(1) Distributor ending inventory is provided by the Company's independent distributors. These numbers do not include goods-in-transit inventory that has been shipped from the Company but not yet received by the distributors.

(2) This total does not include inventory at retailers. The Company does not have access to data on retailer inventories of the Company's products.

Net Sales, Cost of Products Sold, and Gross Profit

Net sales, cost of products sold, and gross profit data for the three months ended (dollars in millions):

	March 29, 2025	March 30, 2024	Change	% Change
Net firearms sales	$ 135.2	$ 136.0	$ (0.8)	(0.6%)
Net castings sales	0.5	0.8	(0.3)	(33.1%)
Total net sales	135.7	136.8	(1.1)	(0.8%)
Cost of products sold	105.8	107.4	(1.6)	(1.5%)

Gross profit	$ 29.9	$ 29.4	$ 0.5	1.7%
Gross margin	22.0%	21.5%	0.5%	2.3%

Total consolidated net sales and net firearms sales decreased slightly for the three months ended March 29, 2025. Sales of new products, including the RXM pistol, Super Wrangler revolver, Marlin lever-action rifles, and American Centerfire Rifle Generation II represented $40.7 million or 31.6% of firearm sales in the three months ended March 29, 2025. New product sales include only major new products that were introduced in the past two years.

The increased gross profit for the three months ended March 29, 2025 is attributable to favorable leveraging of fixed costs resulting from increased production, despite the $0.8 million of deferred revenue related to sales promotions.

The increase in gross margin for the three months ended March 29, 2025 is attributable to the aforementioned factors.

Selling and General and Administrative Expenses

Selling and general and administrative expenses data for the three months ended (dollars in millions):

	March 29, 2025	March 30, 2024	Change	% Change
Selling expenses	$ 9.4	$ 9.7	$ (0.3)	(3.0%)
General and administrative expenses	12.0	12.2	(0.2)	(1.3%)
Total operating expenses	$ 21.4	$ 21.9	$ (0.5)	(2.1%)

The decrease in selling expenses for the three months ended March 29, 2025 was attributable to decreased spending on industry shows, personnel costs, and shipping expenses, partially offset by increases in travel costs and several promotional and marketing initiatives.

The slight decrease in general and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 29, 2025 was primarily attributable to the initial expense of the prior year's reduction in force, partially offset by increased professional service costs.

Other Income

Other income data for the three months ended (dollars in millions):

	March 29, 2025	March 30, 2024	Change	% Change
Other income	$ 1.3	$ 1.5	$ (0.2)	(15.9%)

The decrease in other income for the three months ended March 29, 2025 was attributable to decreased interest income.

Income Taxes and Net Income

The Company's 2025 and 2024 effective tax rates differ from the statutory federal tax rate due principally to research and development tax credits, state income taxes and the nondeductibility of certain executive compensation. The Company's effective income tax rate was 20.3% and 21.7% for the three months ended March 29, 2025 and March 30, 2024, respectively

As a result of the foregoing factors, consolidated net income was $7.8 million for the three months ended March 29, 2025, an increase of 9.7% from $7.1 million in the comparable prior year period.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In an effort to provide investors with additional information regarding its financial results, the Company refers to various United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") financial measures and two non-GAAP financial measures, EBITDA and EBITDA margin, which management believes provides useful information to investors. These non-GAAP financial measures may not be comparable to similarly titled financial measures being disclosed by other companies. In addition, the Company believes that the non-GAAP financial measures should be considered in addition to, and not in lieu of, GAAP financial measures. The Company believes that EBITDA and EBITDA margin are useful to understanding its operating results and the ongoing performance of its underlying business, as EBITDA provides information on the Company's ability to meet its capital expenditure and working capital requirements, and is also an indicator of profitability. The Company believes that this reporting provides better transparency and comparability to its operating results. The Company uses both GAAP and non-GAAP financial measures to evaluate the Company's financial performance.

EBITDA is defined as earnings before interest, taxes, and depreciation and amortization. The Company calculates this by adding the amount of interest expense, income tax expense, and depreciation and amortization expenses that have been deducted from net income back into net income, and subtracting the amount of interest income that was included in net income from net income to arrive at EBITDA. The Company calculates EBITDA margin by dividing EBITDA by total net sales.

EBITDA was $14.3 million for the three months ended March 29, 2025, an increase of 5.6% from $13.5 million in the comparable prior year period.

Non-GAAP Reconciliation – EBITDA

EBITDA

(Unaudited, dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 29, 2025	March 30, 2024
Net income	$ 7,768	$ 7,084
Income tax expense	1,979	1,963
Depreciation and amortization expense	5,571	5,833
Interest income	(1,038)	(1,355)
Interest expense	16	17
EBITDA	$ 14,296	$ 13,542
EBITDA margin	10.5%	9.9%
Net income margin	5.7%	5.2%

Financial Condition

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At the end of the first quarter of 2025, the Company's cash and short-term investments totaled $108.3 million. Pre-LIFO working capital of $266.1 million, less the LIFO reserve of $67.5 million, resulted in working capital of $198.6 million and a current ratio of 4.6 to 1.

Operations

Cash provided by operating activities was $11.1 million for the three months ended March 29, 2025, compared to $7.3 million for the comparable prior year period. The increase in cash provided in the three months ended March 29, 2025 is primarily attributable to the increase in net income and the lesser increase in deferred income taxes and lower net payouts of accrued employee compensation and benefits in the three months ended March 29, 2025, partially offset by the lesser reductions in inventory and prepaid expenses and other current assets in the three months ended March 29, 2025.

Third parties supply the Company with various raw materials for its firearms and castings, such as steel, fabricated steel components, walnut, birch, beech, maple and laminated lumber for rifle stocks, wax, ceramic material, metal alloys, various synthetic products and other component parts. A limited supply of these materials in the marketplace can result in increases to purchase prices and adversely affect production levels. If market conditions result in a significant prolonged inflation of certain prices or if adequate quantities of raw materials cannot be obtained, the Company's manufacturing processes could be interrupted and the Company's financial condition or results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

Investing and Financing

Capital expenditures for the three months ended March 29, 2025 totaled $1.1 million, a decrease from $1.8 million in the comparable prior year period. In 2025, the Company expects capital expenditures related to new product introductions and upgrades to our manufacturing equipment and facilities could range from $20 million to $30 million. Actual capital expenditures could vary significantly from the projected amounts due to the timing of capital projects. The Company finances, and intends to continue to finance, all of these activities with funds provided by operations and current cash and cash equivalents.

Dividends of $4.0 million were paid during the three months ended March 29, 2025. The Company has financed its dividends with cash provided by operations and current cash. The quarterly dividend varies every quarter because the Company pays a percentage of earnings rather than a fixed amount per share. The Company's practice is to pay a dividend of approximately 40% of net income.

On April 25, 2025, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a dividend of 18¢ per share to shareholders of record on May 16, 2025, payable on May 30, 2025. The payment of future dividends depends on many factors, including internal estimates of future performance, then-current cash and short-term investments, and the Company's need for funds.

As of March 29, 2025, the Company had $63.3 million of United States Treasury instruments which mature within one year. The Company also invests available cash in a bank-managed money market fund that invests exclusively in United States Treasury instruments which mature within one year. At March 29, 2025, the Company's investment in this money market fund totaled $28.9 million.

During the three months ended March 29, 2025 the Company purchased 79,200 shares of its common stock for $3.0 million in the open market. The average price per share purchased was $37.74. These purchases were funded with cash on hand. As of March 29, 2025, $37.3 million remained authorized for future stock repurchases.

Based on its unencumbered assets, the Company believes it has the ability to raise cash through the issuance of short-term or long-term debt. The Company's unsecured $40 million credit facility, which expires on January 7, 2028, was unused at March 29, 2025.

Other Operational Matters

In the normal course of its manufacturing operations, the Company is subject to occasional governmental proceedings and orders pertaining to workplace safety, firearms serial number tracking and control, waste disposal, air emissions and water discharges into the environment. The Company believes that it is generally in compliance with applicable Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms & Explosives, environmental, and safety regulations and the outcome of any proceedings or orders will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of the Company. If these regulations become more stringent in the future and the Company is not able to comply with them, such noncompliance could have a material adverse impact on the Company.

The Company has 14 independent distributors that service the domestic commercial market. Additionally, the Company has 44 and 26 distributors servicing the export and law enforcement markets, respectively.

The Company self-insures a significant amount of its product liability, workers' compensation, medical, and other insurance. It also carries significant

deductible amounts on various insurance policies. In September 2024, the Company did not renew its product liability coverage with its incumbent carriers and established a wholly-owned captive insurance company for claims made on or after September 1, 2024.

The Company expects to realize its deferred tax assets through tax deductions against future taxable income.

Adjustments to Critical Accounting Policies

The Company has not made any adjustments to its critical accounting estimates and assumptions described in the Company's 2024 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on February 19, 2025, or the judgments affecting the application of those estimates and assumptions.

Forward-Looking Statements and Projections

The Company may, from time to time, make forward-looking statements and projections concerning future expectations. Such statements are based on current expectations and are subject to certain qualifying risks and uncertainties, such as market demand, sales levels of firearms, anticipated castings sales and earnings, the need for external financing for operations or capital expenditures, the results of pending litigation against the Company, the impact of future firearms control and environmental legislation, and accounting estimates, any one or more of which could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made. The Company undertakes no obligation to publish revised forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date such forward-looking statements are made or to reflect the occurrence of subsequent unanticipated events.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The interest rate market risk implicit to the Company at any given time is typically low, as the Company does not have significant exposure to changing interest rates on invested cash. There has been no material change in the Company's exposure to interest rate risks during the three months ended March 29, 2025.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (the "Disclosure Controls and Procedures"), as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), as of March 29, 2025.

Based on that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of March 29, 2025, such Disclosure Controls and Procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Company's periodic reports filed under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure.

The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have further concluded that, as of March 29, 2025, there have been no material changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the quarter ended March 29, 2025 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, its internal control over financial reporting.

The effectiveness of any system of internal controls and procedures is subject to certain limitations, and, as a result, there can be no assurance that the Disclosure Controls and Procedures will detect all errors or fraud. An internal control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the internal control system will be attained.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The nature of the legal proceedings against the Company is discussed at Note 13 to the financial statements, which are included in this Form 10-Q.

The Company has reported all cases instituted against it through December 31, 2024, and the results of those cases, where terminated, to the SEC on its previous Form 10-Q and 10-K reports, to which reference is hereby made.

There were no lawsuits formally instituted against the Company during the three months ending March 29, 2025.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

During the three months ended March 29, 2025, there were no material changes in the Company's risk factors from the information provided in Item 1A. Risk Factors included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 , other than as set forth below.

The Company's business may be adversely affected by tariffs, trade sanctions or similar government actions.

The actual or threatened imposition of tariffs, sanctions or other restrictions on goods exported from the United States or imported into the United States, or countermeasures imposed in response to such government actions, could increase the Company's cost of products sold or reduce its ability to sell products globally, which may adversely affect its operating results and financial condition. While the Company sources the majority of its materials domestically, the imposition of tariffs could lead to increased demand and pricing on domestic materials, which could result in an increase to the Company's cost of products sold and a reduction in its gross margin. So far, these new tariffs and trade policies have not had a significant impact on the Company's business operations and financial results. However, there is no guarantee that the Company can avoid the impact of tariff and related economic effects in the future, and these trade measures and retaliations may directly impair its business by increasing trade-related costs or disrupting established supply chains.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Share repurchase activity during the three months ended March 29, 2025 was as follows. These purchases were funded with cash on hand.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Program	Maximum Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Program
First Quarter 2025				
January 1 to January 25	28,720	$ 34.44	28,720	
January 26 to February 22	—	—	—	
February 23 to March 29	50,480	$ 39.62	50,480	
Total	79,200	$ 37.74	79,200	$ 37,300,000

All of these purchases were made with cash held by the Company and no debt was incurred.

The Company was authorized by the Board of Directors to repurchase up to $100 million of the Company's common stock under a share repurchase program announced on May 8, 2017. As of March 29, 2025, $62.7 million had been used and approximately $37.3 million remained authorized for share repurchases.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not applicable

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Rule 10b5-1 Trading Plans

The adoption or termination of contracts, instructions or written plans for the purchase and sale of the Company's securities by the Company's Section 16 officers or directors for the three months ended March 29, 2025, each of which is intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c) under the Exchange Act ("Rule 10b5-1 Plan"), were as follows:

Name	Title	Action	Date Adopted	Expiration Date	Aggregate # of Securities to be Purchased/Sold
Christopher J. Killoy (1)	President and Chief Executive Officer	Adoption of Rule 10b5-1 Plan	February 26, 2025	November 3, 2025	22,612
Thomas A. Dineen (2)	Senior Vice President of Finance, Treasurer, and Chief Financial Officer	Adoption of Rule 10b5-1 Plan	February 28, 2025	February 25, 2027	20,000
Sarah F. Colbert (3)	Vice President of Administration	Adoption of Rule 10b5-1 Plan	February 28, 2025	March 2, 2026	8,000

(1) Christopher J. Killoy, an officer of the Company, entered into a Rule 10b5-1 Plan on February 26, 2025. Mr. Killoy's Rule 10b5-1 Plan provides for the potential sale of up to 22,612 shares of the Company's common stock. The Rule 10b5-1 Plan expires on November 3, 2025, or upon the earlier completion of all authorized transactions under such Rule 10b5-1 Plan.

(2) Thomas A. Dineen, an officer of the Company, entered into a Rule 10b5-1 Plan on February 28, 2025. Mr. Dineen's Rule 10b5-1 Plan provides for the potential sale of up to 20,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Rule 10b5-1 Plan expires on February 25, 2027, or upon the earlier completion of all authorized transactions under such Rule 10b5-1 Plan.

(3) Sarah F. Colbert, an officer of the Company, entered into a Rule 10b5-1 Plan on February 28, 2025. Ms. Colbert's Rule 10b5-1 Plan provides for the potential sale of up to 8,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Rule 10b5-1 Plan expires on March 2, 2026, or upon the earlier completion of all authorized transactions under such Rule 10b5-1 Plan.

None of the Company's directors or Section 16 officers adopted or terminated a "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" as defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K during the three months ended March 29, 2025.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

(a) Exhibits:

31.1	Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
31.2	Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
32.1	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**
32.2	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document*
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document*
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document*
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document*
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document*
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

*Filed herewith
**Furnished herewith

STURM, RUGER & COMPANY, INC.

FORM 10-Q FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 29, 2025

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

STURM, RUGER & COMPANY, INC.

Date: April 30, 2025

S/THOMAS A. DINEEN
Thomas A. Dineen
Principal Financial Officer,
Principal Accounting Officer,
Senior Vice President, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer